



CONSORT 2010 checklist of information to include when reporting a randomised trial

	Item	Reported
Section/Topic	No Checklist item	on page No
Title and abstract		
	1a Identification as a randomised trial in the title	1
	1b Structured summary of trial design, methods, results, and conclusions (for specific guidance see CONSORT for abstracts)	4
Introduction		
Background and objectives	2a Scientific background and explanation of rationale	6
	2b Specific objectives or hypotheses	7
Methods		
Trial design	3a Description of trial design (such as parallel, factorial) including allocation ratio	7
	3b Important changes to methods after trial commencement (such as eligibility criteria), with reasons	15

Participants	4a	Eligibility criteria for participants	8
	4b	Settings and locations where the data were collected	7
Interventions	5	The interventions for each group with sufficient details to allow replication, including how and when they were actually administered	11
Outcomes	6a	Completely defined pre-specified primary and secondary outcome measures, including how and when they were assessed	9
	6b	Any changes to trial outcomes after the trial commenced, with reasons	10
Sample size	7a	How sample size was determined	14
	7b	When applicable, explanation of any interim analyses and stopping guidelines	n/a
Randomisation:			
Sequence generation	8a	Method used to generate the random allocation sequence	11
	8b	Type of randomisation; details of any restriction (such as blocking and block size)	11
Allocation concealment mechanism	9	Mechanism used to implement the random allocation sequence (such as sequentially numbered containers), describing any steps taken to conceal the sequence until interventions were assigned	11
	10	Who generated the random allocation sequence,	

Implementation	who enrolled participants, and who assigned participants to interventions	<hr/> 11
Blinding	11a If done, who was blinded after assignment to interventions (for example, participants, care providers, those assessing outcomes) and how	<hr/> 11
	11b If relevant, description of the similarity of interventions	<hr/>
Statistical methods	12a Statistical methods used to compare groups for primary and secondary outcomes	<hr/> 14
	12b Methods for additional analyses, such as subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses	<hr/> 15
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Results		
Participant flow (a diagram is strongly recommended)	13a For each group, the numbers of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcome	17, Fig 1
	13b For each group, losses and exclusions after randomisation, together with reasons	<hr/> Figure 1
Recruitment	14a Dates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-up	<hr/> 17
	14b Why the trial ended or was stopped	<hr/> 17
Baseline data	15 A table showing baseline demographic and clinical characteristics for each group	<hr/> Table 1
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Numbers analysed	16	For each group, number of participants (denominator) included in each analysis and whether the analysis was by original assigned groups	22
Outcomes and estimation	17a	For each primary and secondary outcome, results for each group, and the estimated effect size and its precision (such as 95% confidence interval)	23
	17b	For binary outcomes, presentation of both absolute and relative effect sizes is recommended	n/a
Ancillary analyses	18	Results of any other analyses performed, including subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses, distinguishing pre-specified from exploratory	23
Harms	19	All important harms or unintended effects in each group (for specific guidance see CONSORT for harms)	21
Discussion			
Limitations	20	Trial limitations, addressing sources of potential bias, imprecision, and, if relevant, multiplicity of analyses	30
Generalisability	21	Generalisability (external validity, applicability) of the trial findings	31

Interpretation	22	Interpretation consistent with results, balancing benefits and harms, and considering other relevant evidence	<u>31</u>
Other information			
Registration	23	Registration number and name of trial registry	5
Protocol	24	Where the full trial protocol can be accessed, if available	<u>7</u>
Funding	25	Sources of funding and other support (such as supply of drugs), role of funders	<u>33</u>
