

1 Supplemental Materials for:

2 **The Population-Based Incidence and Prevalence of Catatonia**

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	Incidence	1-year period prevalence
Meets inclusion criteria for original paper (2+ features of BFCSI, has a clinician diagnosis of catatonia, has an identifiable index date for start of catatonia)	Yes	Yes
Meets DSM-5 criteria for catatonia	Yes	Yes
Patient is resident in the local area at the time of the onset of catatonia	Yes	Yes
<i>Timing</i>	Catatonia started within a specified calendar year	Catatonia either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Started in specified year, OR • Ended in specified year, OR • Started prior to specified year and ended after specified year
<i>Handling of multiple episodes</i>	Each episode is counted separately. (As mentioned previously, it's perhaps a bit hard to give new-patient incidence, as we don't know who had had catatonia before our studies started.)	Each year, a specified patient may only count once. However, a patient may be considered prevalent in more than one year (e.g. if they have multiple episodes, OR a single episode spans > 1 calendar year)

19 Table S1: inclusion criteria for patients in the incidence and prevalence calculations using data
20 from Rogers *et al.*

Year	Number of unique individuals who experienced catatonia
2007	37
2008	47
2009	43
2010	39
2011	63
2012	60
2013	66
2014	66
2015	60
2016	64

21 Table S2: number of unique individuals with an episode of catatonia in each study year in the
22 UK data of Rogers *et al.*