

Environment, post-materialism and post-communism: Green politics in Estonia

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Abstract

The paper discusses the ideological foundations of Green politics in a post-communist setting. Unlike most Green parties in Western Europe, the Estonian Green party is only partly post-materialist in its orientation and is placed close to the centre on the ideological spectrum. In combining environmental values with some socially conservative ones and emphasising technological innovation over limiting consumption, the party comes across as "ultra-" rather than "post-modernist". These discrepancies can be explained by historical and contextual socio-political factors, especially the nexus between socialist industrialisation and environmental degradation.



The Estonian Greens

- Green Movement in late 1980s
- Green party/parties established in 1989/90
- Disappeared after 1995 elections
- Re-established in 2006
- 2004 European elections: Marek Strandberg
- Entered the parliament in 2007 (7.1% votes, 6 seats)
- Poor results in 2009
- Lost parliamentary representation in 2011: 3.8% votes



Green parties in ECE

- Weaker than in Western Europe
- Some recent success stories: HU, EE, CZ, SI?, LV?
- Estonian Greens still the second most popular in ECE
- Interesting case study / comparisons to CZ and WE greens
- European Social Survey 2008/9 (65)
- Party supporters = "Greens"

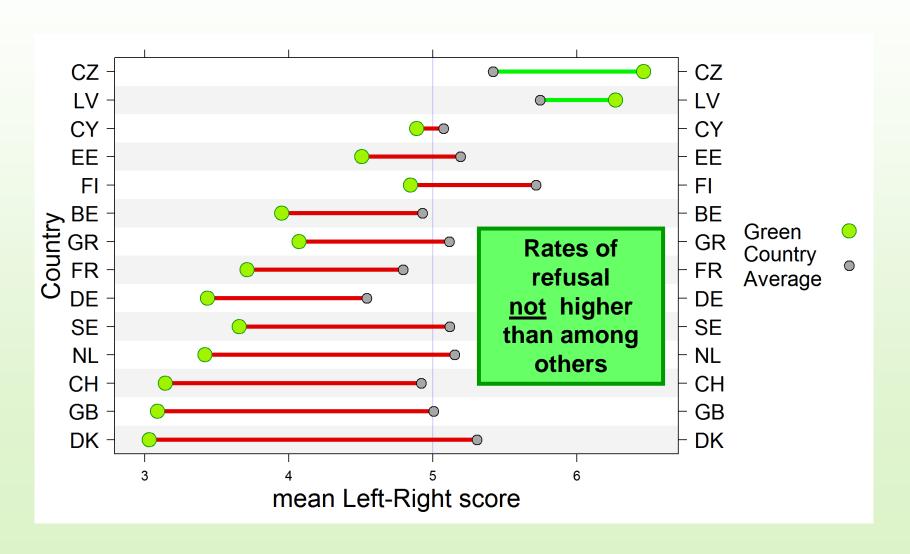


Greens, Post-materialism and the Left

- Value change in 1960s/70s a crucial factor behind the rise of Greens in Western Europe
- Post-material / self-expression values
- As against material/survival
- "Green", "new politics", "new left" & "liberal left"
- But: providing an alternative to the Right/Left a Green aim



Left-Right self-placement: Greens & others



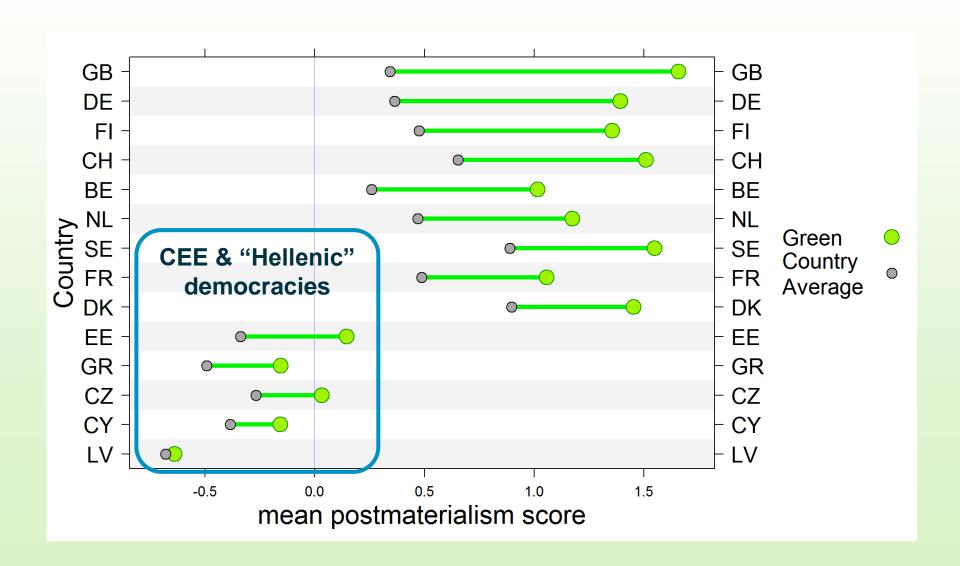


Post-materialist value orientations

- Emphasis on self-expression & quality of life over economic & physical security:
 - Important to make own decisions & be free, think new ideas & be creative;
 - Not important to be rich, have money and expensive things, live in secure and safe surroundings, that government is strong and ensures safety.
- How happy are you?
- Gays and lesbians free to live their own life as they wish
- Signing a petition / taking part in a demonstration / boycotting goods.

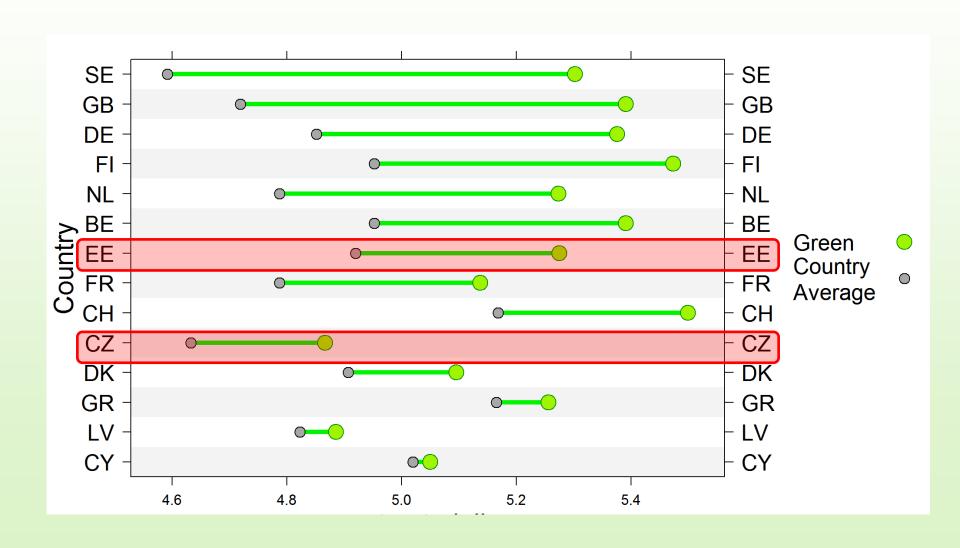


Post-materialism: Greens & others



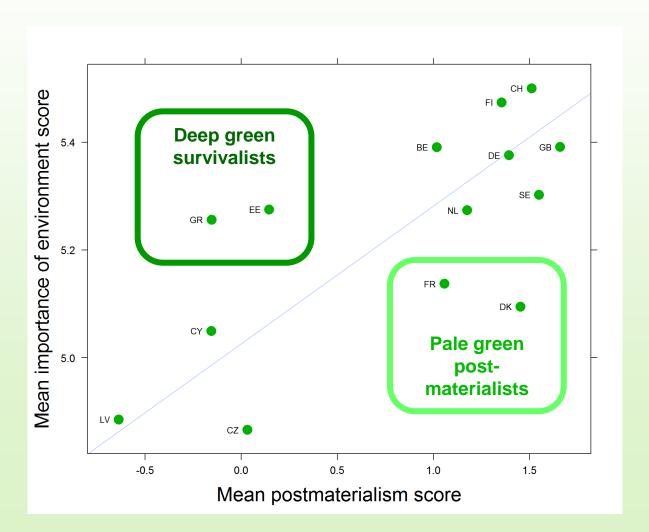


Important to care for nature & environment

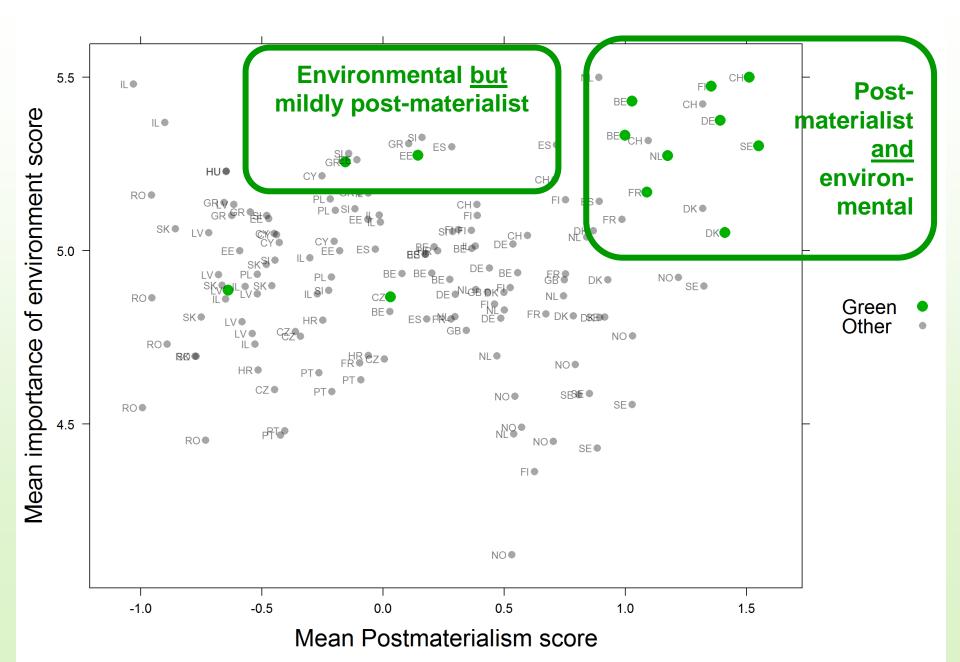




Greens: Post-materialism and care for nature & environment









ECE and WE Greens compared

- Only in core WE countries is post-materialism unambiguously linked to the Left
- ECE Greens are not post-materialist compared to WE Greens, but:
- are equally environmentalist and
- are post-materialist in the national context



Explaining the lower post-materialism scores

- Lower score of Estonian Greens explained by:
 - lower civic engagement (petitions, boycotts, demonstrations) and
 - tolerance of gays & lesbians
- Different from the Czech Greens who trust others less and believe being rich is more important.
- Estonian Greens extremely technophile.



Can <u>modern science</u> be relied on to solve our <u>environmental problems</u>



Party	Agree/agree	Disagree/disagree	N
raity	strongly (%)	strongly(%)	IN
EE:Estonian Greens	89.9	0.0	65
BE:Ecolo	64.6	12.3	45
CY:The Cyprus Green Party	60.0	20.0	103
FI:The Green League	54.2	20.6	20
FR:Les Verts	47.7	29.2	60
BE:Groen!	44.5	26.7	157
LV:Greens and Farmers Union	44.2	14.7	20
Average	40.9	31.7	1342
SE:Green Party	40.0	21.3	69
NL:Green Left	38.4	24.4	131
CH:Green party	36.9	44.7	15
FR:Autres mouvements écologistes	33.4	13.4	65
GB:Green Party	30.4	52.2	23
DE:Green Party (Bündnis 90/Die Grünen)	23.0	42.7	210
CZ:Green Party	18.3	55.0	86
DK:Enhedslisten	15.0	70.0	80
DK: Socialistisk Folkeparti	13.5	60.1	14 193



Explaining the differences

- Socialist experience and environment
- Anti-communist roots of environmental movements/parties
- Capitalism and environment
- Centre-right post-materialism



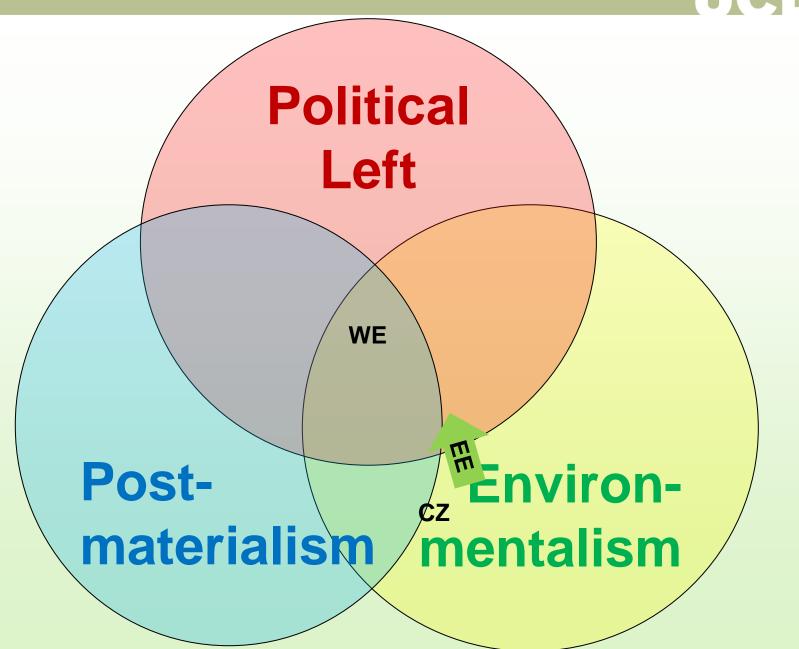




Table 1. Electoral support for Green parties in Europe

	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	5005	2010	2011
Denmark (Socialists)					7.3				7.6			6.4				6.0		13.0				
Luxembourg					10.9					9.1					11.6					11.7		
Austria	4.8				7.3	4.8				7.4			9.5				11.0		10.4			
Germany	5.0				7.3				6.7				8.6			8.1				10.7		
Switzerland		6.1				5.0				5.0				7.4				9.6				
Finland		6.8				6.5				7.3				8.0				8.5				7.3
Hungary ^a																					7.5	
Belgium (Ecolo)		5.1				4.0				7.4				3.1	-			5.1			4.8	
Netherlands ^b					3.5				7.3				7.0	5.1			4.6				6.6	
Sweden		3.4			5.0				4.5				4.6				5.2				7.3	
Estonia			2.6															7.1				3.8
Belgium (Groen!)		4.9				4.4				7.0				2.5				4.0			4.4	
France				4.1				6.8					4.5					3.3				
Czech Republic	4.1		6.5						1.1				2.4				6.3				2.4	
Ireland			1.4					2.8					3.8					4.7				1.8
Denmark ^b	1.7				3.1				2.7			2.4				3.4		2.2				
Italy			2.8		2.7		2.5					2.2					2.1					
Greece																		1.1		2.5		
Cyprus												2.0					2.0					
Latvia ^c			1.2																			
Great Britain			0.5					0.2				0.6				1.0					1.0	