



Simulation of
Oxy-combustion
co-firing Coal and
Biomass with ASU and
Steam Turbine using
Aspen Plus

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Study the oxy-combustion process, co-firing blends of coal and biomass, through a rate-based simulation model.

The validated model will be used as a tool to select future test parameters

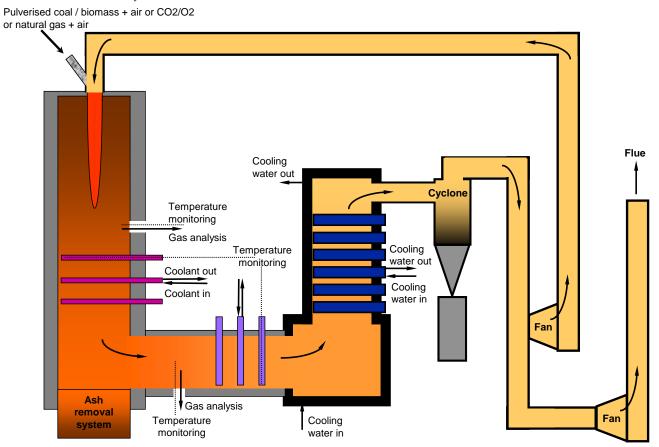


Diagram of 100kWth Multi-fuel Oxy-Combustor at CERT

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#### **Simulation Process** BASICS **INPUTS OUTPUTS Fuel supply** Temperatures reached in the Oxycombustor **Energy demand** ▶ Gas Composition of the flue gas **Percentage of Recycled Flue Gas PROCESS** Excess of O<sub>2</sub> **SIMULATION** Energy required by ASU process Air ingress into the Oxy-combustor Reactions in the different stages Emissions to air, solid residue

#### **Limitations of Aspen Plus**

- ✓ Prediction of adiabatic flame temperature (without considering composition of the gas for the heat transfer)
- ✓ Solid residue same composition as ash defined as input (inability to simulate reaction involving solid phase)

# Simulations using Aspen Plus® STAGES



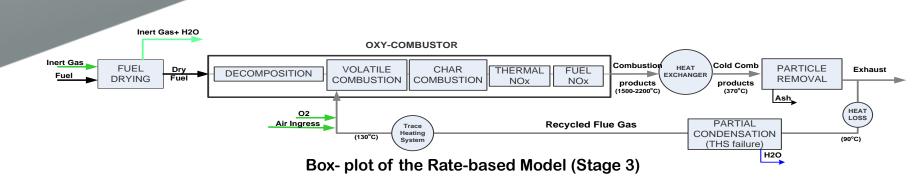
#### **KINETIC MODEL**

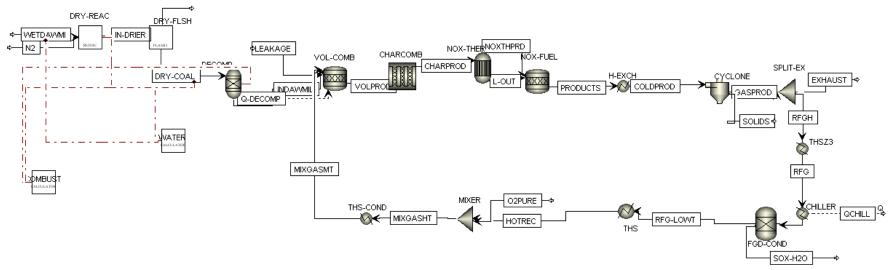
	STAGE 1 Air-firing case	STAGE 2 Oxy-firing case with wet recirculation, heat loss and air leakage	STAGE 3 Oxy-firing case with partial condensation in RFG, heat loss and air leakage	STAGE 4 Oxy-firing case with dry recirculation, heat loss, air leakage	STAGE 5 Air-firing case with power generation unit	STAGE 6 Oxy-firing case with dry recirculation, heat loss, air leakage, ASU and power generation unit
AIR/ OXY-FIRING	Air -firing	Oxy -firing	Oxy -firing	Oxy -firing	Air -firing	Oxy -firing
RFG (%)		55, 60, 65, 70	55, 60, 65, 70	55, 60, 65		55, 60, 65
O <sub>2</sub> Exc (%) (v/v)	21	0,5,10	0,5	0,5	21	0,5
T <sub>RFG</sub> (ºC)		130	75,90	130	-	130-200
Air Leakage (% of Total Gas fed)		1.7	0, 2, 10, 18	10	-	10
Fuel	Coal	Coal (El Cerrejon, Daw Mill), Biomass(Cereal Co-Product, Miscanthus), blends of coal and biomass (75/25; 50/50; 25/75)	coal and biomass	El Cerrejon coal, Cereal Co-Product biomass, blends of coal and biomass (75/25; 50/50; 25/75)	Coal	El Cerrejon coal, Cereal Co-Product biomass, blends of coal and biomass (75/25; 50/50; 25/75)
RFG Purification	Particle removal	Particle removal	Particle removal	The state of the s	Particle removal, acid species and water vapour condensation	Particle removal, acid species and water vapour condensation

- ✓ Establish reference cases (Stages 1 and 5)
- √ Validation of the model by applying similar conditions to experiments (Stage 3).
- ✓ Simulations with condenser implemented to include dry RFG (Stage 4)
- ✓ Simulation of the entire system including ASU and steam turbine (Stage 6)

# Simulations using Aspen Plus®: MODEL VALIDATION



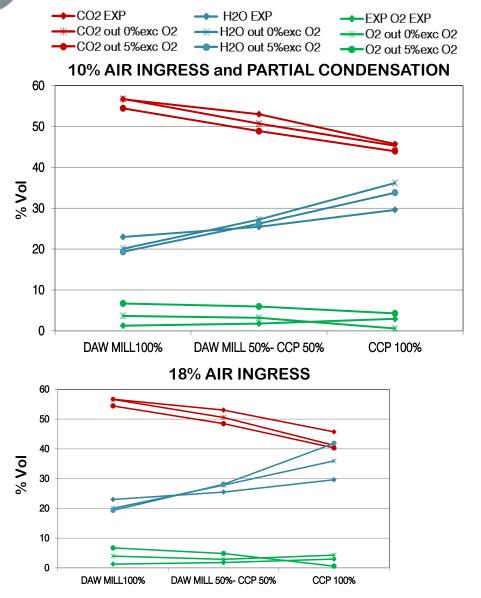


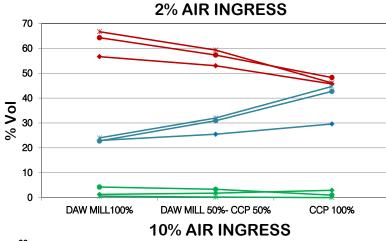


Interface of the rate-based model with partial condensation on the RFG in Aspen Plus (Stage 3)

Simulations using Aspen Plus®:
AIR INGRESS COMPARISON







On-going modifications in the Pilot Plant: WATER AND ACID SPECIES REMOVAL



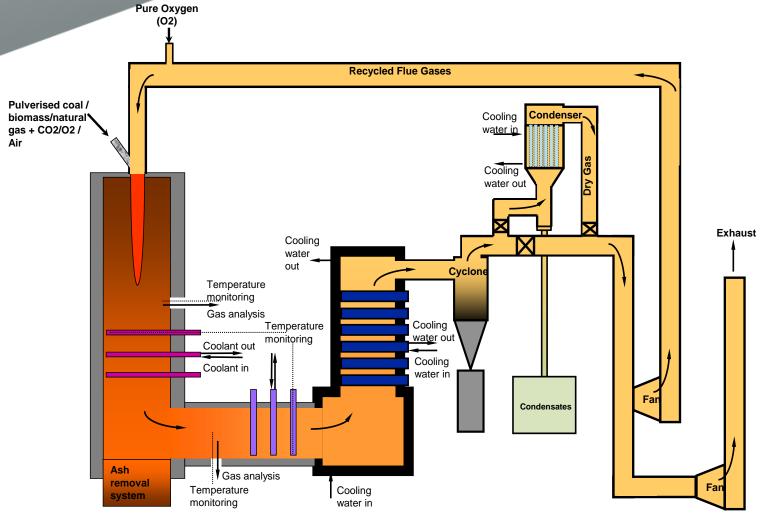
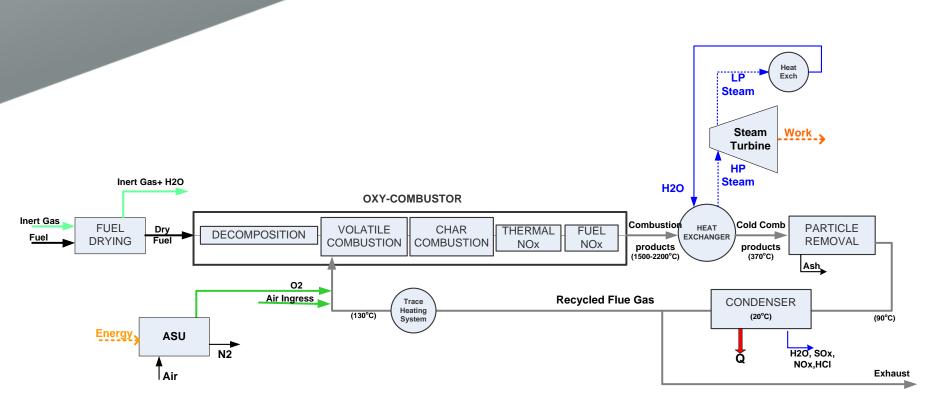


Diagram of 100kWth Oxy-Combustor with Condenser



## Simulations: OXY-COMBUSTION PLANT

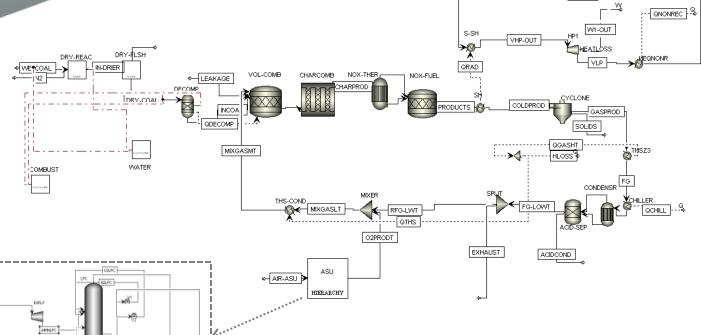


Box-plot of the ASU, oxy-combustor and steam turbine (Stage 6)

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## Simulations: OXY-COMBUSTION PLANT



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	Air-firing	Oxy-firing
Power generated (kW)	24.01	25.07
Power consumed ASU(kW)		8.06
Net power generated (kW)	24.01	17.01
Net fuel input (kW)	100	100
O <sub>2</sub> stoichiometric (kmol/h)	0.8973	0.8973
O <sub>2</sub> excess supplied (%)	21	5
Raw air to ASU (kmol/h)		4,70

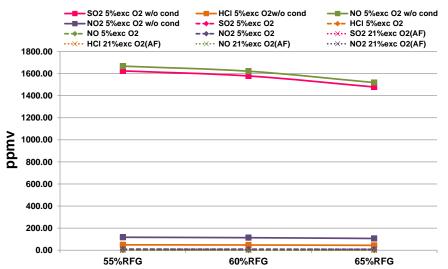
Simulation results for air and oxy-firing base case

## Dry recycle flue gas EFFECT ON THE EXHAUST EL CERREJON COAL

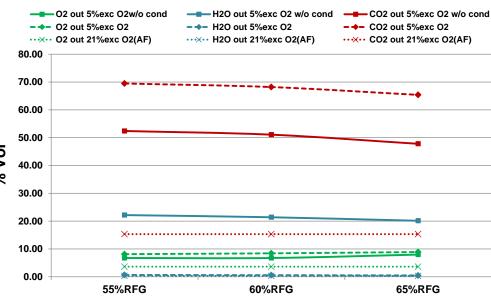
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- CO<sub>2</sub> increases 20% (v/v) as consequence of implementation of the condenser
- H2O decreases at the same proportion to the increase of CO<sub>2</sub>
- All minor species drop to near zero content in the exhaust gas, in the cases where the condenser was used

#### **EL CERREJON: MINOR SPECIES-Exhaust Gas**



#### **EL CERREJON: MAIN SPECIES- Exhaust Gas**



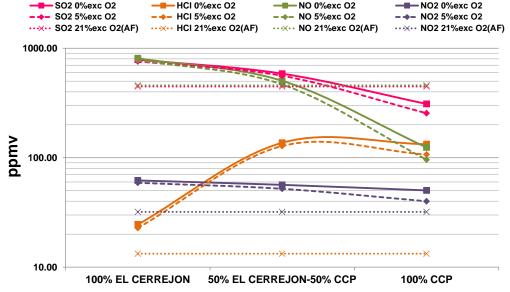
	CO₂ (%)	H₂O (%)	O <sub>2</sub> (%)
El Cerrejon (CC)	15.32	0.32	3.64
El Cerrejon (OC)	68.18	0.58	8.43
El Cerrejon50%-CCP50% (OC)	66.12	0.85	8.54
Cereal Co-Product (OC)	72.46	1.48	3.47

# Dry recycle flue gas EFFECT ON COMBUSTION PRODUCTS FUEL COMPARISON

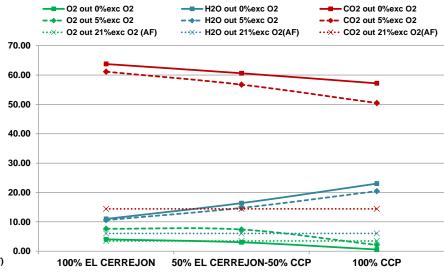
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- Max. CO<sub>2</sub> decreases in the combustion products with higher content of biomass oxy-fired
- H<sub>2</sub>O content when burning CCP increases:
  - √ By 10% comparing to oxy-firing 100%coal
  - √ By 14% comparing to air-firing case

#### MINOR SPECIES-COMB PROD-60%RFG



#### MAIN SPECIES-COMB PROD-60%RFG



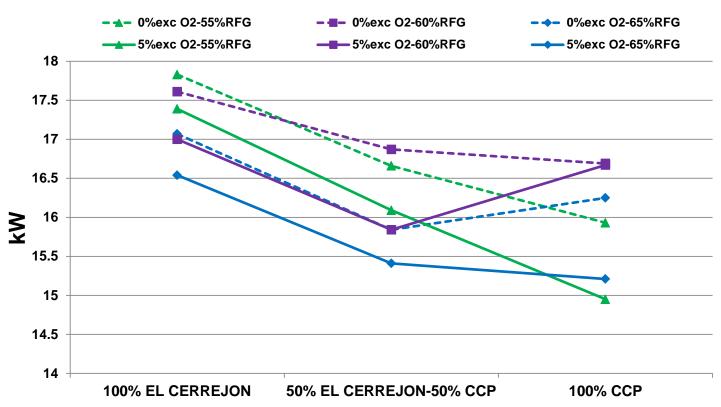
- Marked decrease for SO<sub>2</sub> and NO contents when increasing the percentage of biomass
- Increase in the HCl content as result of the higher content of Cl in the elemental analysis of the biomass (0.17% (w/w) in CCP vs 0.02 % (w/w) El Cerrejon)
- No significant variation for NO<sub>2</sub> contents

### Power generation FUEL COMPARISON



- ✓ Power generated decreases generally with higher content of biomass (exception: 60% RFG and 5%exc O₂)
- ✓ Power generation is enhanced when a lower %RFG is used
- √ Higher power levels achieved when burning without excess of oxygen

#### **POWER GENERATION**





### Summary

- Kinetic Simulation Model has been developed with acceptable agreement with experimental results
- Model validation has been carried out and helped to deduce the amount of air ingress into the process (10% of the total flue gas fed to the combustor)
- Simulation model including equipment for CO<sub>2</sub> purification predicts remarkable increase of the %CO<sub>2</sub> contents
- Last step fulfilled for simulations: delivering of kinetic model including dry RFG,
   ASU, and steam turbine. Study the effects caused by the variation of the fuel and
   %RFG on the power generated

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Thanks for your attention

Any questions?

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