

**Supplementary Table 1. Concentrations of 22 inflammatory biomarkers according to HIV status**

Pathway	Marker (pg/mL) <sup>a</sup>	HIV negtive (n=62)			HIV positive (n=211)			p value
		Median	95% Confidence Intervals		Median	95% Confidence Intervals		
Pro-inflammatory cytokines	IL6	0.56	0.34	1.13	1.44	0.78	3.90	<0.0001
	IL1 $\beta$	0.13	0.05	1.10	0.30	0.10	0.70	0.80
	TNF $\alpha$	3.1	2.5	3.5	7.2	5.3	10.6	<0.0001
Anti-inflammatory	IL10	0.45	0.31	0.72	1.31	0.75	2.38	<0.0001
	IL1Ra	166	124	255	319	213	603	<0.0001
T cell activation	IL 12p70	0.17	0.10	0.25	0.23	0.15	0.35	0.0098
	IL2	0.27	0.15	0.57	0.57	0.42	0.87	<0.0001
	IFN $\gamma$	2.7	1.7	5.1	12.2	6.1	26.3	<0.0001
	IL7	2.4	1.7	4.7	11.7	6.8	20.3	<0.0001
	IL4	0.04	0.02	0.07	0.03	0.02	0.05	0.53
B cell activation	IL13	1.4	0.7	2.5	1.0	0.6	1.5	0.0113
Chemotaxis	IL8	2.5	1.6	5.5	5.9	2.9	12.2	<0.0001
	MCP1	54	45	65	86	66	114	<0.0001

	IP10	202	165	311	870	523	1607	<0.0001
	MIP1 $\beta$	52	40	78	84	57	122	<0.0001
<b>Innate immunity</b>	CD163 <sup>a</sup>	0.48	0.27	0.54	0.82	0.57	1.1	<0.0001
<b>Angiogenesis</b>	VEGF	46	26	84	119	64	278	<0.0001
	bFGF	4.0	1.7	11.2	19.4	7.3	49.4	<0.0001
<b>Vascular inflammation</b>	ICAM <sup>a</sup>	0.38	0.34	0.44	0.63	0.52	0.83	<0.0001
	VCAM <sup>a</sup>	0.39	0.33	0.49	0.58	0.48	0.72	<0.0001
<b>Systemic inflammation</b>	CRP <sup>a</sup>	1.0	0.3	4.1	5.8	1.7	29.1	<0.0001
	SAA <sup>a</sup>	1.4	0.5	5.2	3.1	0.9	45.7	0.0005

<sup>a</sup>All markers are measured in pg/mL apart from those denoted with <sup>a</sup>which are in  $\mu$ g/mL. Note: p-values from ranksum tests.

**Supplementary Table 2. Concentrations of 22 inflammatory biomarkers according to HIV status 42 weeks post ART initiation**

Pathway	Marker	HIV negative			HIV positive			p value
		Median (pg/mL) <sup>a</sup>	95% Confidence Intervals		Median (pg/mL) <sup>a</sup>	95% Confidence Intervals		
<b>Pro-inflammatory cytokines</b>	IL6	0.59	0.33	0.97	0.70	0.43	1.21	0.02
	IL1 $\beta$	0.25	0.10	1.08	0.22	0.07	0.67	0.37
	TNF $\alpha$	3.0	2.6	3.7	3.8	3.0	5.0	<0.0001
<b>Anti-inflammatory</b>	IL10	0.43	0.29	0.67	0.35	0.25	0.60	0.049
	IL1Ra	188	148	335	214	158	413	0.14
<b>T cell activation</b>	IL12p70	0.15	0.09	0.19	0.14	0.08	0.24	0.77
	IL2	0.21	0.14	0.38	0.30	0.19	0.49	0.0017
	IFN $\gamma$	3.7	2.0	4.9	4.0	2.2	9.6	0.0325
	IL7	2.6	1.6	5.3	5.0	2.9	10.0	<0.0001
	IL4	0.0	0.01	0.06	0.02	0.01	0.05	0.88
<b>B cell activation</b>	IL13	1.89	1.2	2.9	1.5	0.7	2.3	0.04
<b>Chemotaxis</b>	IL8	3.07	1.6	6.9	3.3	1.8	7.2	0.71

	MCP1	56	40	69	69	52	94	<0.0001
	IP10	222	151	306	359	280	584	<0.0001
	MIP1 $\beta$	57	43	77	69	49	94	0.0052
<b>Innate immunity</b>	CD163 <sup>a</sup>	0.48	0.36	0.71	0.55	0.41	0.76	0.12
<b>Angiogenesis</b>	VEGF	46	32	79	70	43	131	0.0001
	$\beta$ FGF	4	2	11	9	4	21	0.0001
<b>Vascular inflammation</b>	ICAM <sup>a</sup>	0.42	0.35	0.49	0.47	0.39	0.62	0.0007
	VCAM <sup>a</sup>	0.44	0.37	0.53	0.48	0.39	0.61	0.0395
<b>Systemic inflammation</b>	CRP <sup>a</sup>	0.94	0.44	4.4	2.6	0.83	7.9	0.0002
	SAA <sup>a</sup>	1.1	0.43	2.9	0.88	0.41	2.8	0.46

<sup>a</sup>All markers are measured in pg/mL apart from those denoted which are in  $\mu$ g/mL. Note: p-values from ranksum tests.

**Supplementary Table 3. Risk factors for positive CMV PCR at baseline visit in 193 participants with HIV infection**

Baseline factor	Univariate					Clinical Risk Factors <sup>b</sup>				Clinical risk factors and inflammatory biomarkers <sup>c</sup>			
	CMV positive		CMV negative		p value	OR	95 % CI min	95 % CI max	p value	OR	95 % CI min	95 % CI max	p value
	Median or frequency	IQR or %	Median or frequency	IQR or %									
<b>Age</b> years	37	31 – 41	36	29 – 43	0.89	1.00	0.94	1.06	0.96	0.99	0.94	1.04	0.62
<b>Female sex</b>	33	53%	96	51%	0.71	1.60	0.60	4.27	0.34	2.17	0.95	4.98	0.07
<b>Diastolic BP</b> mmHg	72	68 – 80	72	68 – 78	0.87	1.01	0.95	1.06	0.77	-	-	-	-
<b>Haemoglobin</b> g/dL	10.8	10 – 13	12	10 – 13	0.03	0.90	0.69	1.16	0.41	-	-	-	-
<b>BMI</b> (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	19.2	17.8 – 20.8	19.8	18.6 – 21.6	0.03	0.92	0.79	1.07	0.29	-	-	-	-
<b>CD4 count</b> (cells/ $\mu$ L)	32	17 – 53	49	21 – 67	0.03	0.98	0.96	1.00	0.03	0.94	0.90	0.99	0.008

<b>HIV viral load</b> (log copies/mL)	11.9	11.3 – 12.8	11.5	10.4 – 12.4	0.009	0.98	0.38	2.57	0.95	-	-	-	-
<b>Other acute co-infection</b>	15	25%	27	14%	0.06	0.79	0.26	2.36	0.67	-	-	-	-
<b>%Activated CD8+T cells</b>	82	71 – 92	75	62 – 85	0.008	1.03	1.00	1.06	0.07	1.04	1.01	1.07	0.008

**Inflammatory biomarkers (pg/mL<sup>a</sup>)**

IL1Ra	381	270 - 682	286	187 – 473	0.003	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VCAM <sup>a</sup>	13.33	13.18 – 13.60	13.22	13.00 – 13.43	0.002	-	-	-	-	5.26	1.08	25.68	0.04
ICAM <sup>a</sup>	13.46	13.28 – 13.78	13.30	13.08– 13.53	0.0002	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MIP1 $\beta$	107	70 – 137	72	52 – 109	0.0005	-	-	-	-	1.010	1.002	1.018	0.01

IP10	1251	871 – 2374	772	487 – 1461	<0.0001	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MCP1	102	75 – 125	78	63 – 110	0.007	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IL8	9	4 – 16	5	3 – 9	0.005	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IL10	1.8	1.3 – 3.4	1	0.7 – 2.0	<0.0001	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TNF $\alpha$	10	7 – 13	7	5 – 10	0.0003	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>a</sup>All inflammatory biomarkers with a univariate association with CMV positivity ( $p < 0.05$ ) based on ranksum test, measured in pg/mL apart from those denoted<sup>a</sup> which are in log pg/mL. <sup>b</sup>Logistic regression multivariable fractional polynomial model of all clinical factors entered simultaneously. <sup>c</sup>Logistic regression multivariable fractional polynomial model of age and sex plus those factors with significant associations found in the clinical model together with those inflammatory biomarkers found to have an adjusted association with CMV positivity, entered simultaneously; log transforms selected for VCAM.

**Supplementary Table 4. Correlation between individual biomarkers and baseline cfPWV**

<b>Pathway</b>	<b>Marker</b>	<b>Fold change<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>p value</b>
<b>Pro-inflammatory cytokines</b>	IL6	-0.007	0.92
	IL1 $\beta$	-0.03	0.79
	TNF $\alpha$	-0.02	0.82
<b>Anti-inflammatory</b>	IL10	0.02	0.79
	IL1Ra	-0.07	0.33
<b>T cell activation</b>	IL 12p70	-0.02	0.80
	IL2	-0.05	0.44
	IFN $\gamma$	-0.03	0.65
	IL7	0.05	0.44
	IL4	-0.13	0.10
<b>B cell activation</b>	IL13	-0.21	0.01
<b>Chemotaxis</b>	IL8	0.13	0.06
	MCP1	0.12	0.08
	IP10	-0.02	0.82
	MIP1 $\beta$	0.09	0.19
<b>Innate immune response</b>	CD163	0.09	0.21
<b>Angiogenesis</b>	VEGF	0.009	0.89
	$\beta$ FGF	0.11	0.12
<b>Vascular inflammation</b>	ICAM	0.001	0.99
	VCAM	0.03	0.67
<b>Systemic inflammation</b>	CRP	-0.04	0.54
	SAA	-0.03	0.71

Note: p-values from spearman rho tests. <sup>a</sup>per 1 m/s increase in cfPWV



**Supplementary Table 5. Inflammatory markers included in PCA analysis and distribution across groups**

Pathway	Marker (pg/mL) <sup>a</sup>	Cluster 1 (n=51)		Cluster 2 (n=153)		Cluster 3 (n=7)		p value
		Median	IQR	Median	IQR	Median	IQR	
<b>Pro-inflammatory cytokines</b>	IL 6	1.9	0.8 – 5.6	1.2	0.7 – 2.3	19.9	8.6 – 39.1	<0.0001
	IL1 $\beta$	0.43	0.10 – 0.76	0.27	0.11 – 0.65	3.21	1.39 – 4.82	0.007
	TNF $\alpha$	7.7	6.7 – 10.6	6.8	5.1 – 10.4	9.0	5.4 – 10.6	0.20
<b>Anti-inflammatory</b>	IL10	1.1	0.6 – 1.8	1.3	0.8 – 2.2	5.0	2.9 – 6.8	0.001
	IL1RA	314	174 – 592	304	206 – 420	2882	1465 – 10920	<0.0001
<b>T cell activation</b>	IL12p70	0.16	0.10 – 0.28	0.24	0.17 – 0.35	0.34	0.24 – 0.70	0.007
	IL2	0.52	0.31 – 0.80	0.58	0.37 – 0.86	0.49	0.44 – 0.90	0.46
	IFN $\gamma$	7	3 – 29	11	6 – 22	312	132 – 1087	<0.0001
	IL7	12	6 – 18	12	7 – 20	21	15 – 22	0.13
	IL4	0.02	0.11 – 0.04	0.03	0.01 -0.05	0.03	0.01 – 0.09	0.42
<b>B cell activation</b>	IL13	1.10	0.85 – 1.86	0.79	0.41 – 1.13	0.66	0.28 – 1.51	0.02
<b>Chemotaxis</b>	IL 8	4.8	2.6 – 9.5	5.6	2.9 – 11.8	35.4	20.7 – 84.2	0.001
	MCP1	78	65 – 112	86	65 – 112	125	58-316	0.41

	IP 10	772	418 – 1621	846	501 – 1385	23,000	1500 – 230,000	0.002
	MIP1 $\beta$	77	51 – 114	92	60 – 122	110	70 – 169	0.14
<b>Innate immune response</b>	sCD163 <sup>a</sup>	0.8	0.5 – 1.1	0.8	0.6 – 1.0	1.2	0.5 – 1.3	0.70
<b>Angiogenesis</b>	VEGF	89	58 – 195	143	67- 285	416	194 – 528	0.007
	BFGF	20	11 – 40	26	7 – 65	27	21 – 38	0.69
<b>Vascular inflammation</b>	sICAM1 <sup>a</sup>	0.6	0.4 – 0.9	0.6	0.5 – 0.7	1.9	1.1 – 2.2	<0.0001
	sVCAM1 <sup>a</sup>	0.5	0.4 – 0.7	0.6	0.5 – 0.7	1.0	0.8 – 1.3	0.0004
<b>Systemic inflammation</b>	CRP <sup>a</sup>	9.9	2– 69	4	1 – 16	170	120 – 200	<0.0001
	SAA <sup>a</sup>	7	0.9 – 142	2	1 – 13	225	46 – 92	0.0003

<sup>a</sup> All markers are measured in pg/ $\mu$ L except for those denoted with <sup>a</sup>which are in  $\mu$ g/ $\mu$ L

Supplementary Table 6: Comparison of Clinical Characteristics for Malawian adults living with HIV according to availability of biomarker data

		Biomarker data available (n=211)		Biomarker data not available (n=68)	
		Median or frequency	IQR or %	Median or frequency	IQR or %
Clinical characteristics	Age (years)	36.3	30.8 – 43.0	37.7	31.8 – 44.6
	Systolic BP (mmHg)	116	108 - 128	127	111 - 132
	Diastolic BP	72	68 - 80	74	69 - 82
	Heart rate (bpm)	82	72 - 100	78	72 - 92
	Temperature (°C)	36.4	36 – 36.9	36.4	36.1 – 37.0
	Haemoglobin (g/dL)	11.6	10.1 – 13.0	11.3	10.0 – 12.5
	Creatinine (µmol/L)	64	54 - 77	68	58 - 82
	Platelets (x10 <sup>9</sup> /L)	236	185 – 334	223	189 – 304
	Nadir CD4 (cells/mm <sup>3</sup> )	37	18 - 61	43	18 - 65
	HIV viral load (copies/mL x10 <sup>6</sup> )	1.1	0.4 – 2.8	1.2	0.4 – 2.9
	Acute co-infection	43	20	14	22
	CMV PCR positive <sup>a</sup>	60	28	1	2

	<b>Death <sup>a</sup></b>	10	5	13	19
<b>Arterial stiffness <sup>a</sup></b>	<b>Week 2 cfPWV (m/s)</b>	7.3	6.5 – 7.9	8.5	6.6 - 10
	<b>Week 12 PWV (m/s)</b>	7.1	6.5 – 7.8	8.1	6.5 – 9.3
	<b>Week 24 cfPWV (m/s)</b>	7.0	6.3 – 7.7	7.5	7.0 – 8.3
	<b>Week 44 cfPWV (m/s)</b>	6.8	6.3 – 7.7	7.6	6.8 – 8.4
<b>Immune cell surface phenotype</b>	<b>%CD4 Activation</b>	76	62 - 86	73	53 - 79
	<b>%CD4 Exhaustion</b>	54	44 – 58	54	29 - 69
	<b>%CD4 Senescence</b>	15	9 – 22	15	11 - 26
	<b>%CD8 Activation</b>	79	65 – 88	75	59 - 86
	<b>%CD8 Exhaustion</b>	38	29 – 50	36	27 - 48
	<b>%CD8 Senescence</b>	54	43 – 64	52	45 - 62
	<b>%Intermediate Monocytes</b>	9.8	6.0 – 13.0	11.5	6.3 – 15.0

<sup>a</sup>Consent for biomarker data analysis was obtained retrospectively towards the end of recruitment, therefore differences in CMV positivity, mortality rates and arterial stiffness may be explained by differences in those providing consent as well as loss to follow-up and death during the study. As arterial stiffness and mortality was lower amongst those included in the biomarker analysis, results described here may underestimate prevalence and cardiovascular risk for inflammatory clusters at ART initiation.