

A stated preference model to value reductions in community severance

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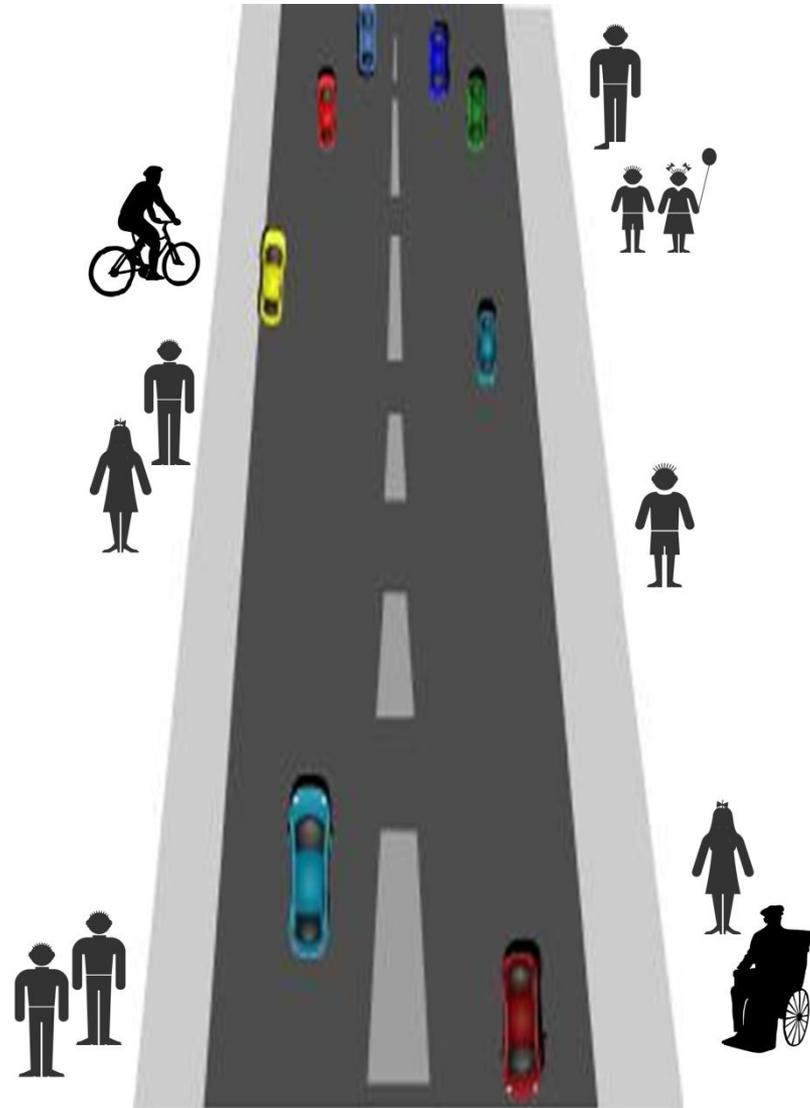
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What is community severance ?





London, UK



Skopje, FYR Macedonia



Prague, Czech Republic



Açores, Portugal

How to monetize severance?

Sweden, Denmark (old documents for transport appraisal):
formulas combining traffic variables (density, composition, speed),
crossing need, and unit monetary values per age group

Pedestrian delay * value of walking time

Stated preference:
estimate willingness to contribute to projects that reduce severance

Stated preference survey

SP1

willingness to walk

SP2

willingness to pay



to avoid crossing a road in a place
without crossing facilities

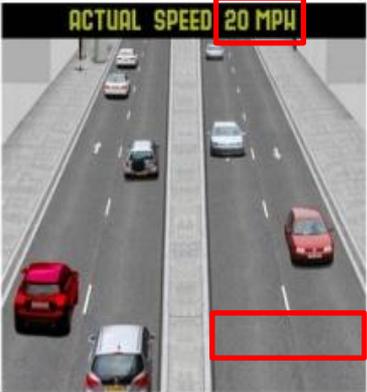
200 respondents, 100 in London, 100 in Southend (a smaller city)

SP1: design

Looking at the road conditions on the left, which of the three options would you choose?

Traffic density: **Low**

Central reservation
with no guard railing



Cross at closest point
(not at pedestrian crossing)

Option A

OR



Use covered over road

Adds **8 minutes** to your journey

Option B

OR

Avoid crossing road at all

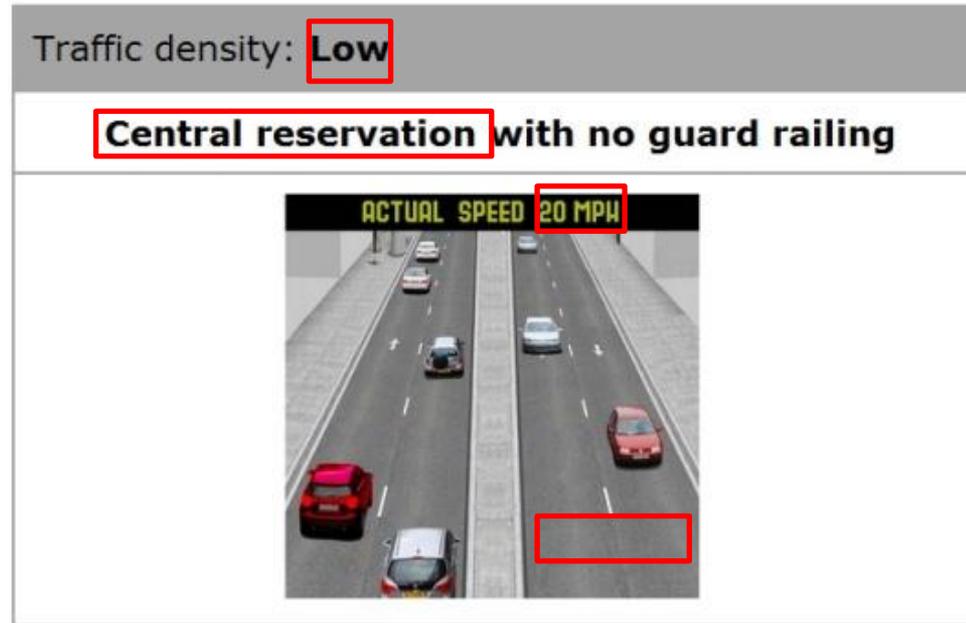
Option C

Attributes

SP1: model results

Variables	MIXED LOGIT		
	coeff.	willingness to walk (minutes)	
time	-0.31***		
Option A (cross)	-2.45***	7.9	Higher for <u>females</u> and people who <u>don't cross every day</u> (vs. males and people who cross every day)
lanes=as now	-1.86***	6.0	
no central reservation	-2.67***	8.7	
density=medium	-	-	
density=high	-1.63***	5.3	Higher for people aged >50 (vs. age <50)
speed=30	-		
Option C (don't cross)	-7.95***	25.8	

SP2: design



In this scenario, which of the two options would you choose?

Option A	Option B
Cross at this point	Do not cross the road and pay the higher ticket cost
Saving 80p off your one-way ticket cost	

Option A

Option B

Attributes

or shopping bill

SP2: model results

	RANDOM-EFFECTS LOGIT	
	coeff.	willingness to pay (£)
constant	1.24***	
saving	0.92***	
lanes=as now	-1.40***	1.5
no central reservation	-1.24***	1.4
density=medium	-1.15***	1.3
density=high	-2.56***	2.8
speed>=30	-0.72***	0.8

Higher for people aged>50
(vs. age<50)

Higher for people with mobility restrictions
(vs. full mobility)

Application: Tool for local authorities/general public

User inputs

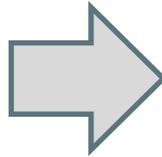
Road conditions

(# lanes, central reservation, traffic levels and speeds)

Population

Major destinations

(stations, supermarkets, schools..)



Outputs

Severance index

‘Disutility’ of the road for pedestrians

Impact on behaviour

Probability that someone will not cross the road (by age group)

Monetary value of the impact

Thank you for your attention!



www.ucl.ac.uk/street-mobility



streetmobility.wordpress.com



[@streetmobility](https://twitter.com/streetmobility)