

Table 1. Demographics of those presenting to Northern Community Eye Hospital in Tamale, Ghana between January 2021 and October 2022 with a diagnosis of glaucoma and established subtype.. One person (diagnosed with AACG) did not have an age listed in our EMR.

	POAG (N=316) n (%)	AACG (N=19) n (%)	CACG (N=191) n (%)	Secondary (N=62) n (%)	Total (N=588) n (%)
Sex (number people, (%))					
Male	192 (61)	16 (84)	147 (77)	42 (68)	397 (68)
Age (number people, (%))					
<20	3 (<1)	0 (0)	0 (0)	5 (8)	8 (1)
20-39	29 (9)	2 (11)	4 (2)	19 (31)	54 (9)
40-59	110 (35)	7 (37)	40 (21)	15 (24)	172 (30)
60-79	147 (46)	8 (42)	57 (30)	16 (26)	228 (39)
>80	27 (9)	1 (5)	90 (47)	7 (11)	125 (21)
Affected Eye (number eyes (%))					
Right Eye	295 (51)	17 (59)	84 (49)	31 (46)	427 (50)

Table 2. Glaucoma subtype in those presenting to Northern Community Eye Hospital in Tamale, Ghana between January 2021 and October 2022.

Primary open angle glaucoma (POAG), angle closure glaucoma ACG, acute angle closure glaucoma AACG, chronic angle closure glaucoma CACG and secondary glaucoma.

Diagnosis	Number (%)	Number with bilateral disease	Number of individuals with note of end-stage disease (%)
POAG	316 (53.7)	267	138 (44%)
ACG			
AACG	19 (3.23)	9	11 (58%)
CACG	191 (32.5)	94	58 (30%)
Secondary	62 (10.5)	6	13 (21%)
Total	588	376	220 (34%)

Table 3. Comparative data of number of individuals diagnosed with primary open angle glaucoma (POAG), angle closure glaucoma (acute and chronic, ACG), and secondary glaucoma in our study and other clinic population based studies on glaucoma prevalence in African continent

Source	POAG	ACG	Secondary	Total
Tamale, Ghana, 2021-2022	316 (53.7)	210 (35.7)	62 (10.5)	588
Witwaterswand, South Africa, 1968-1971 ²³	196 (84.8)	35 (15.2)	0 (0)	231
Ibadan, Nigeria, 1995 ¹⁵	305 (90.8)	31 (9.22)	0 (0)	336
Jimma, Ethiopia, 2007-2008 ⁹	110 (32.8)	62 (18.5)	163 (48.7)	335