

# **Supplementary Information for: Nucleation of Zeolitic Imidazolate Frameworks: from molecules to nanoparticles**

*Salvador R.G. Balestra,<sup>1,2</sup> \* Bruno Martínez-Haya,<sup>1</sup> Norge Cruz-Hernández,<sup>3</sup> Dewi W. Lewis,<sup>4</sup> Scott M. Woodley,<sup>4</sup> Rocío Semino,<sup>2,5</sup> Guillaume Maurin,<sup>2</sup> A. Rabdel Ruiz-Salvador,<sup>1\*</sup> and Said Hamad<sup>1\*</sup>*

1) *Departamento de Sistemas Físicos, Químicos y Naturales, Universidad Pablo de Olavide, Ctra. Utrera km 1, 41013 Seville, Spain*

*E-mail: [salrodgom@upo.es](mailto:salrodgom@upo.es), [rruisal@upo.es](mailto:rruisal@upo.es), [said@upo.es](mailto:said@upo.es)*

2) *ICGM, Univ. Montpellier, CNRS, ENSCM, Montpellier, France*

3) *Departamento de Física Aplicada I, Escuela Politécnica Superior, Universidad de Sevilla, Sevilla, Spain*

4) *Department of Chemistry, University College London, 20 Gordon St., London, WC1H 0AJ, UK*

5) *Sorbonne Université, CNRS, Physico-chimie des Electrolytes et Nanosystèmes Interfaciaux, PHENIX, F-75005 Paris, France*

## 1. Section S1. Formation free energies of clusters with implicit and explicit solvation

**Table S1.** Formation free energies of small  $Zn_z Im_l A_a$  clusters with various additional species, namely  $H_2O$ , and HIm molecules, and  $NO_3^-$  counterions.

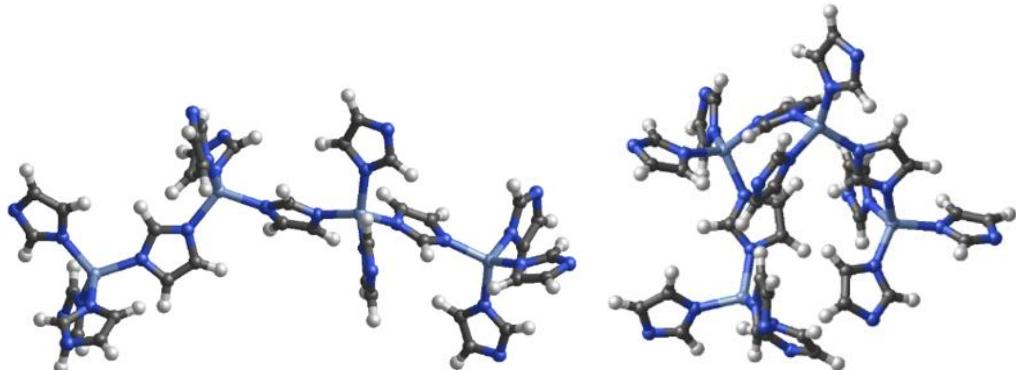
$z Zn^{2+}$	$l Im^-$	$l$ H-mIm	$a H_2O$	$a$ $NO_3^-$	$q$ [e-]	$\Delta g_c^s$ [eV] RwB97X/6- 311++G(d,p )
1	1			1	0	-2.724
1	1			2	-1	-3.008
1	1			3	-2	-2.990
1	2			1	-1	-3.793
1	2			2	-2	-3.665
1	3			1	-2	-4.250
1	2	2			0	-11.606
1	4				0	-13.925
2	1			6	-3	-2.788
2	2			5	-3	-3.160
2	3			4	-3	-3.522
2	3			4	-3	-3.504
0	1		4		-1	0.299 *
1	0		4		+2	-0.649
1	1		4		+1	-2.055
1	2		4		0	-3.186
1	3		4		-1	-4.120
1	4		4		-2	-4.749
1	-	4	-	-	-2	-10.573
1	-	-	-	4	-2	-2.256
1	-	1	-	3	-1	-2.630
1	1	1	-	2	-1	-3.267
1	2	1	-	1	-1	-3.966
1	-	2	-	2	0	-6.324
1	1	2	-	1	-1	-8.202

\* No division by zero.

**2. Section S2. Internal and free energies of formation of clusters in vacuo and with implicit solvation.**

**Table S2.** Internal ( $U$ ) and free energies of formation per Zn atom, ( $g$ ), of small clusters (from 1 to 4 Zn atoms), both in gas phase ( $g$ ) and using ethanol as implicit solvent ( $s$ ), calculated with wB97X/6-311++G(d,p) calculations. We also report the solvation energy, and the Root-Mean-Square Zn\_01\_imi\_05.xyzDeviation (RMSD) between the superimposed optimized clusters in vacuo and solvated (no hydrogen atoms).

System, $\Omega$			$q$ [e <sup>-</sup> ]	$\Delta U_{Zpc}^g$ [eV] wB97X/6-311++G(d,p)	$\Delta g_c^s$ [eV] wB97X/6-311++G(d,p)	$\Delta g_c^s$ [eV] Cycle	$\sqrt{ \vec{r}^s - \vec{r}^g ^2}$ [Å/atom]
$z$ Zn <sup>2+</sup>	$l$ Im <sup>-</sup>	$l$ mIm <sup>-</sup>					
1	1	-	1	-16.230	-1.943	-2.125	0.0025
1	2	-	0	-25.270	-3.634	-3.739	0.0564
1	3	-	-1	-28.075	-4.528	-4.408	0.0437
1	4	-	-2	-27.228	-4.759	-4.852	0.0980
1	5	-	-3	-22.561	-4.125	-4.106	0.7601
1	6	-	-4	-15.968	-3.248	-3.395	0.0821
2	1	-	3	-8.8375	-1.552	-1.582	0.0727
2	2	-	2	-16.426	-2.476	-2.576	0.0715
2	3	-	1	-22.669	-3.382	-3.502	0.2829
2	4	-	0	-25.730	-3.864	-3.953	0.5060
2	5	-	-1	-27.561	-4.289	-4.320	0.5143
2	6	-	-2	-27.511	-4.610	-4.580	0.0111
2	7	-	-3	-26.522	-4.716	-4.770	0.3849
4	4	-	4	-23.670	-2.873	-2.971	0.0026
1	-	1	1	-16.763 *	-1.966	-2.184	0.1989
1	-	2	0	-25.325	-3.528	-3.766	0.2443
1	-	3	-1	-27.929	-4.508	-4.383	0.0376
1	-	4	-2	-26.875	-4.855	-4.555	0.0654
2	-	5	-1	-27.413	-4.336	-4.238	0.7074
2	-	7	-3	-26.435	-4.803	-4.680	0.2754
4	-	4	4	-16.802	-2.849	-3.024	0.272



**Figure S1.** Open versus folded configurations for the Zn<sub>4</sub>Im<sub>13</sub> cluster, obtained from optimization in vacuo (left) and in implicit ethanol (right).

### 3. Section S3. Stability of bulk-like, ring clusters.

**Table S3.** Formation free energies per Zn atom,  $\Delta g_c^s$ , of Im-bearing clusters, calculated using ethanol as implicit solvent at levels wB97X/6-311++G(d,p) and GFN2-xTB.

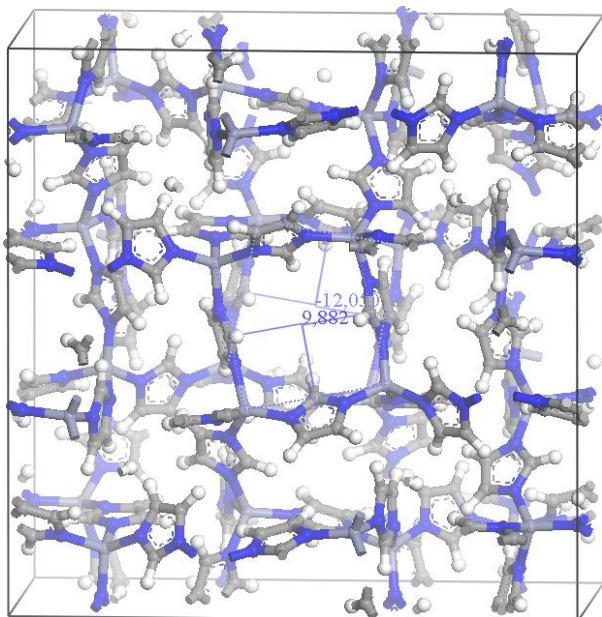
<i>Label (when necessary)</i>	<i>z</i> Zn <sup>2+</sup>	<i>l</i> Im <sup>-</sup>	<i>q</i> [e <sup>-</sup> ]	$\Delta g_c^s$ [eV] wB97X/6- 311++G(d,p)	Thermo. Cycle	$\Delta g_c^s$ [eV] GFN2-xTB
Zn – Im bond	1	1	1	-1.943	-2.125	-32.651
	1	2	0	-3.635	-3.739	-36.116
Trigonal Zn	1	3	-1	-4.528	-4.408	-38.359
<b>1FCZ</b>	1	4	-2	<b>-4.759</b>	<b>-4.852</b>	<b>-39.653</b>
PentaCoordinated Zn	1	5	-3	-4.125	-4.106	-39.602
Octahedral Zn	1	6	-4	-3.248	-3.395	-39.280
	2	1	3	-1.552	-1.582	-29.758
	2	2	2	-2.477	-2.576	-33.381
	2	3	1	-3.382	-3.502	-35.420
	2	4	0	-3.864	-3.953	-36.737
$\pi-\pi$	2	5	-1	-4.107	-4.121	-38.329
Planar configuration	2	5	-1	-4.290	-4.320	-38.019
1 Trigonal & 1 Tetrahedral Zn's	2	6	-2	-4.612	-4.580	-38.737
Eclipsed 2FCZs	2	7	-3	-4.679	-4.708	-39.451
Staggered 2FCZs	2	7	-3	<b>-4.716</b>	<b>-4.770</b>	<b>-39.450</b>
3MR (anti-parallel)	3	3	3	-2.750	<b>-2.831</b>	<b>-34.290</b>
Linear	3	3	3	-2.616	-2.722	-33.735
3MR (parallel)	3	3	3	<b>-2.752</b>	-2.865	-34.319
	3	4	2	-3.260	-3.381	-35.104
	3	5	1	-3.523	-3.631	-36.542
	3	6	0	-4.159	-4.213	-37.676
	3	7	-1	-4.223	-4.247	-37.862
<b>sFCZs</b>	3	10	-4	<b>-4.799</b>	<b>-9.834</b>	<b>-39.338</b>
4MR (undercoordinated)	4	4	4	-2.873	-2.971	-34.437
4MR (3 Bi 1 Tri)	4	5	3	-3.224	-3.346	-35.329
4MR (3 Bi 1 Tetra)	4	6	2	-3.460	-3.726	-36.159
4MR (2 Bi 2 Tri)	4	6	2	-3.617	-3.710	-35.886
4MR (1 Bi 3 Tri)	4	7	1	<b>-3.895</b>	<b>-4.002</b>	<b>-36.926</b>
<b>4MR-SOD</b>	4	12	-4	-4.693	<b>-4.732</b>	<b>-39.355</b>
<b>4MR-zni</b>	4	12	-4	<b>-4.740</b>	-4.736	-39.336
<b>4FCZs</b>	4	13	-5	-4.535	-4.265	-39.397
Hyper tetrahedron	5	4	6	-2.040	-2.166	-32.629
Flat configuration	5	10	0	-4.168	-4.001	-37.658
6MR (undercoordinated)	6	6	6	-2.938	-2.994	-34.428
4MR-4MR	6	12	0	-4.258	<b>-4.300</b>	<b>-37.651</b>
6MR (undercoordinated)	6	12	0	<b>-4.290</b>	-4.331	-37.884
<b>6MR (fully coordinated)</b>	6	18	-6	<b>-4.6187</b>	-4.541	-39.371

**Table S4.** Formation free energies per Zn atoms,  $\Delta g_c^s$ , of mIm-bearing clusters, calculated using ethanol as implicit solvent at levels wB97X/6-311++G(d,p) (thermodynamic cycle) and GFN2-xTB.

Label (when necessary)	$z$ <b>Zn</b> <sup>2+</sup>	$l$ <b>mIm</b> <sup>-</sup>	$q$ [ $e^-$ ]	$\Delta g_c^s$ [eV] wB97X/6- 311++G(d,p)	$\Delta g_c^s$ [eV] GFN2-xTB
	1	1	1	-2.184	-33.108
	1	2	0	-3.766	-33.700
	1	3	-1	-4.383	-35.596
1FCZ* (Tetrahedron)	1	4	-2	<b>-4.555</b>	<b>-36.390</b>
	2	1	3	-1.583	-28.166
	2	2	2	-2.476	-34.001
	2	3	1	-3.510	-36.046
$\pi-\pi$	2	5	-1	-4.238	-38.415
	2	5	-1	-4.336	-38.436
	2	6	-2	-4.534	-38.666
2FCZs* (Eclipsed)	2	7	-3	<b>-4.804</b>	<b>-39.902</b>
Linear	3	3	3	-2.758	-34.394
S3R	3	3	3	-2.897	-34.851
	3	4	2	-3.415	-35.857
	3	5	1	-3.573	-37.072
S4R (cycle)	4	4	4	-3.024	-35.204
S4R (full ring, SOD)	4	12	-4	-4.802	-39.853
S4R (full ring, <i>zni</i> )	4	12	-4	-4.763	-39.799
6MR	6	18	-6	-4.368	-39.511

\* FCZs = Fully Coordinated Zn cations

**4. Section S4. Dihedral angles between the four Zn atoms in the 4MR in the zni crystal structure.**



**Figure S2.** Two examples of dihedral angles between four Zn atoms in the 4MR in the zni crystal structure.

**5. Section S5. Formation energies of large clusters, calculated using the linear relation between GFN2-xTB and wB97X/6-311++G(d,p) energies.**

**Table S5.** Formation energies of large clusters, calculated using the linear relation between GFN2-xTB and wB97X/6-311++G(d,p) energies. For clusters whose structures are obtained from crystal building units of ZIFs the label consists in the code of the topology of the ZIF, in italics.

<i>Label</i>	$z_{\mathbf{N}^{2+}}$	$l_{\mathbf{Im}^-}$	$l_{\mathbf{mIm}^-}$	$q_{[e^-]}$	$\Delta g_c^s$ [eV] GFN2-xTB/ wB97X
<i>lov</i>	5	6	-	+4	-3.333
<i>nat</i>	6	8	-	+4	-3.649
D3R	6	9	-	+3	-3.981
S6R	6	18	-	-6	-4.722
S6R	6	-	18	-6	-4.699
D4R	8	20	-	-4	-4.728
D4R	8	-	20	-4	-4.656
S8R	8	24	-	-8	-4.660
S8R	8	-	24	-8	-4.655
D6R	12	30	-	-6	-4.712
<i>rth</i>	12	29	-	-5	-3.525
D8R	16	40	-	-8	-4.707
<i>mep</i>	20	50	-	-10	-4.716
<i>sod</i>	24	60	-	-12	-3.838
<i>sod</i>	24	-	60	-12	-3.136
<i>Continuos random network</i>	41	88	-	3	-5.544
<i>zni</i>	60	120	-	0	-5.371
<i>SALEM-2</i>	144	288	-	0	-5.490

**Table S6.** Formation energies of periodic structures, calculated using the linear relation between GFN2-xTB and wB97X/6-311++G(d,p) energies.

<i>Label</i>	$z_{\mathbf{N}^{2+}}$	$\Delta g_c^s$ [eV] GFN2-xTB/ wB97X
<i>zni</i>	32	-6.187
<i>coi</i>	16	-6.031
<i>dia</i>	16	-6.035
<i>cri</i>	8	-5.972
BCT	8	-5.936
SOD	12	-5.861
GIS	16	-5.972
MER	32	-5.905