Table 2: Risk factors associated with dying of/with COVID-19: England, 2nd March to 16th June 2020

| Explanatory variables |  | Number of deaths | Adjusted Risk Ratio ${ }^{\dagger}$ |  |  | Adjusted Risk Ratio ${ }^{\text {tt }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | aRR | 95\% CI | p value** | aRR | 95\% CI | p value $\ddagger$ |
| Gender | Men |  | 27,272 | 1.00 | - | - | 1.00 | - | - |
|  | Women | 22,310 | 0.56 | 0.45-0.69 | <0.001 | 0.55 | 0.51-0.60 | <0.001 |
| Age at death* (years) | 15-19 | 13 | 1.80 | 1.75-1.85 | <0.001 | 1.79 | 1.77-1.81 | <0.001 |
|  | 20-29 | 80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 30-39 | 226 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 40-49 | 726 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 50-59 | 2,290 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 60-69 | 4,840 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 70-79 | 11,120 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 80-89 | 19,542 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\geq 90$ | 10,745 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ethnicity | White | 42,822 | 1.00 | - | - | 1.00 | - | - |
|  | Black | 1,943 | 3.89 | 3.14-4.78 |  | 3.44 | 3.06-3.87 |  |
|  | Asian | 2,785 | 2.25 | 1.82-2.77 |  | 2.24 | 2.00-2.52 |  |
|  | Other/mixed | 1,176 | 2.84 | 2.29-3.52 | <0.001 | 3.23 | 2.86-3.65 | <0.001 |
|  | Unknown | 856 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| HIV status | Without HIV | 49,483 | 1.00 | - | - | 1.00 | - | - |
|  | With HIV | 99 | 2.21 | 1.64-2.97 | <0.001 | 2.18 | 1.76-2.70 | <0.001 |

aRR=adjusted risk ratio; $\mathrm{Cl}=$ confidence interval
*Age at death modelled as a continuous variable (increasing five-year age-bands)
${ }^{* *} \mathrm{X}^{2}$ test
$\dagger$ Adjusted for age at death and each explanatory variable (gender, HIV status or ethnicity)
$\dagger \dagger$ Adjusted for all explanatory variables (gender, age at death, HIV status and ethnicity)
$\ddagger$ Likelihood ratio test

