

A hybrid model for the design and optimisation of thermochromic vanadium dioxide nanoparticle films

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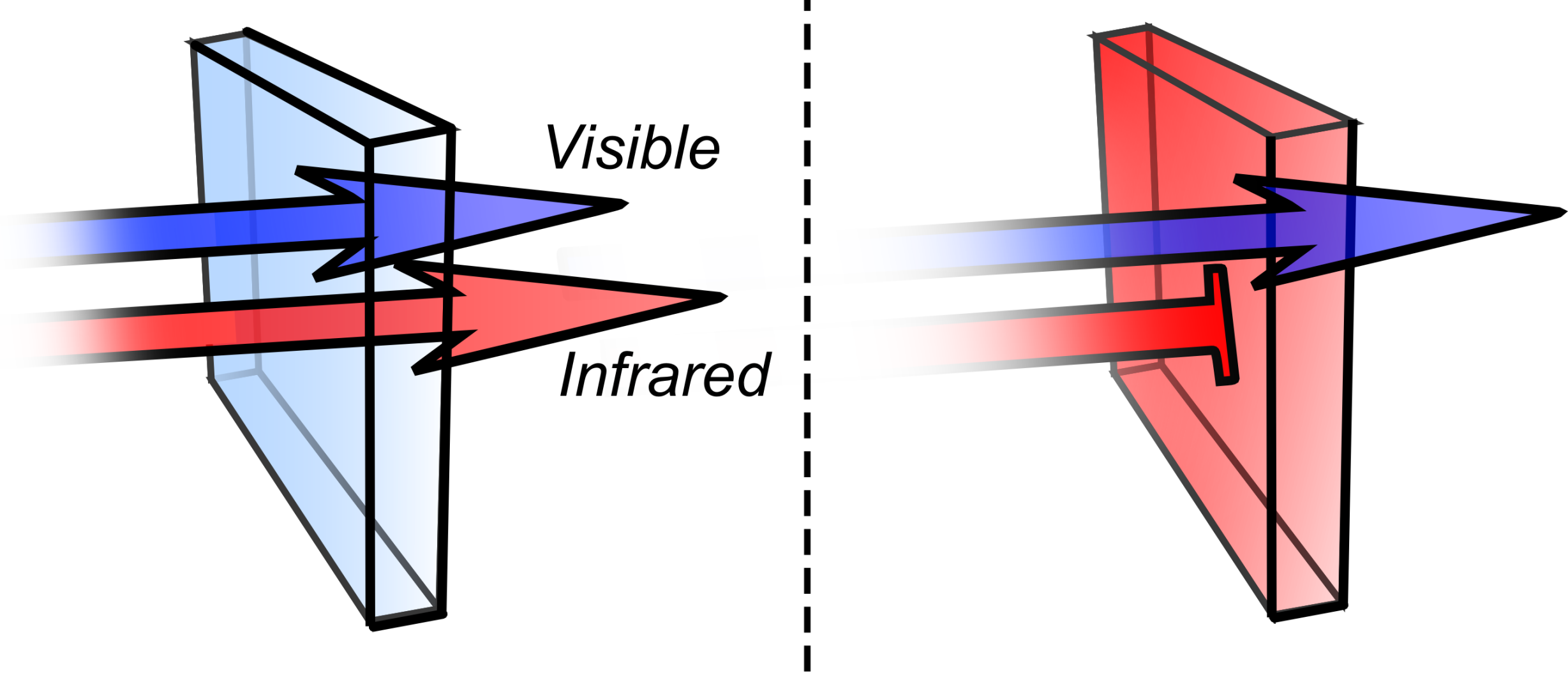
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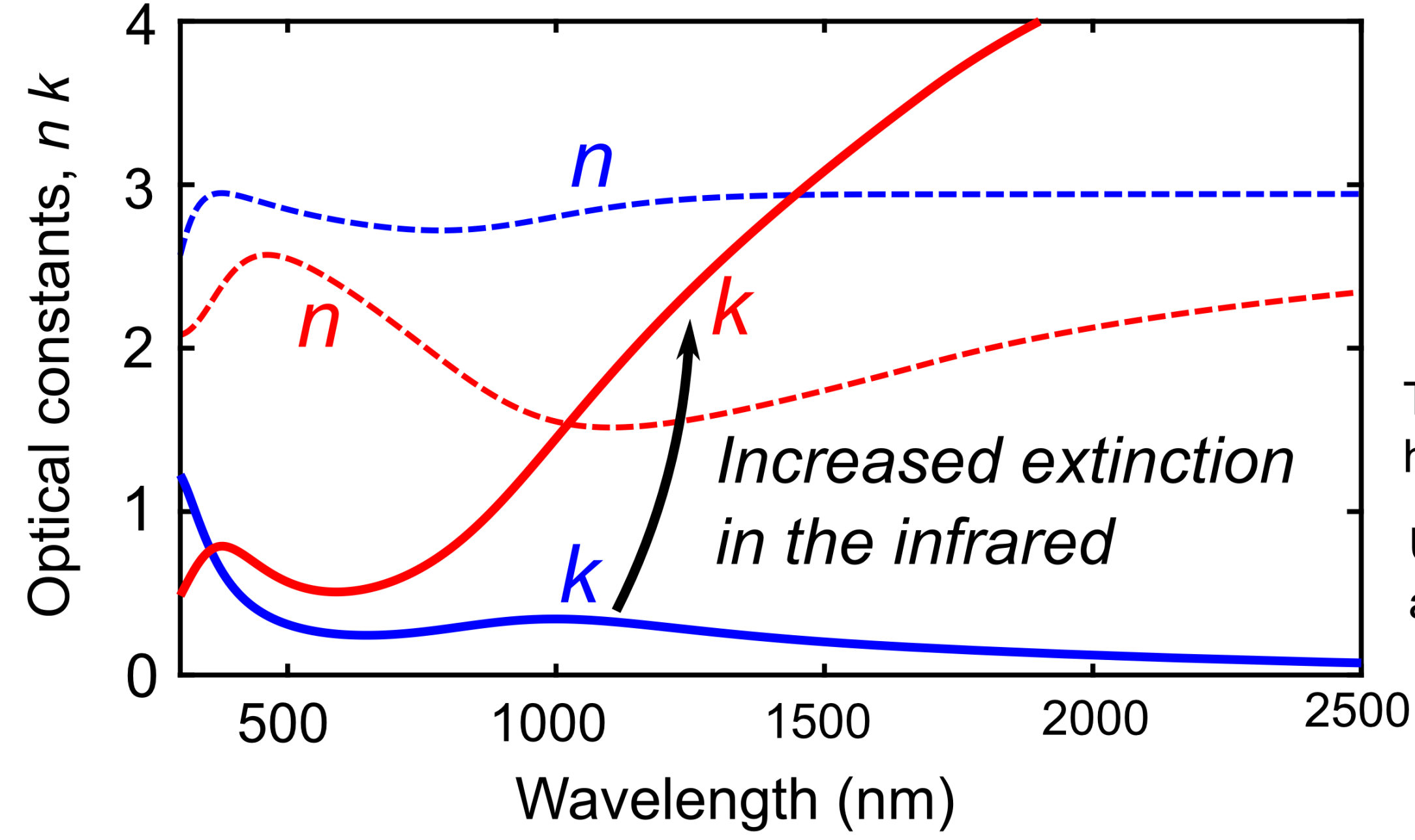


1 Temperature adaptive windows

Cold temperatures | Hot temperatures



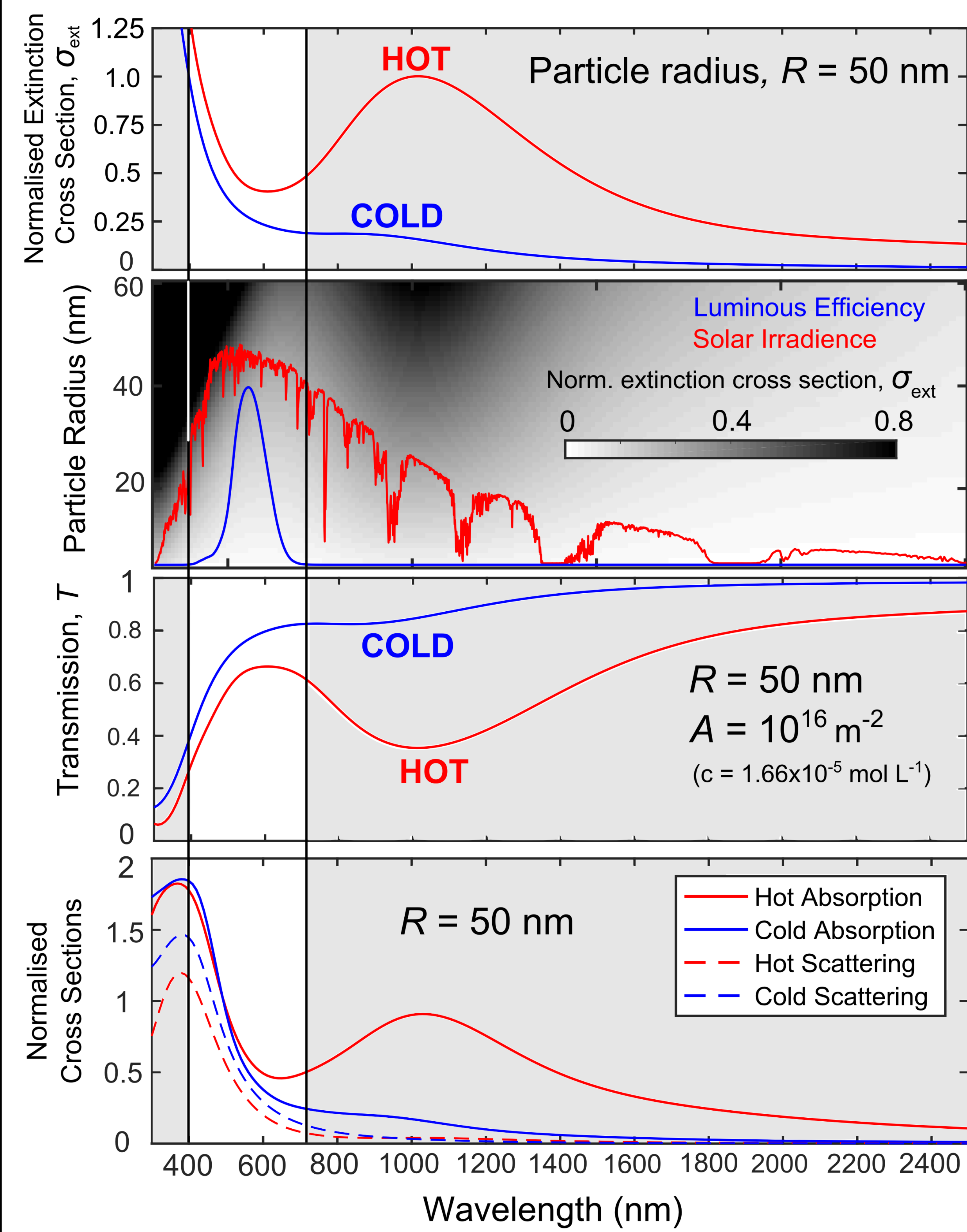
2 Thermochromic properties of VO₂



Cold: monoclinic
- larger band-gap
Hot: tetragonal rutile
- smaller band-gap

Thin film VO₂ performance is limited by high visible reflectance in the cold state. Use of VO₂ nanoparticles embedded in a polymer avoids this issue.

3 Extinction based modulation of visible and invisible light



What's the effect of a single particle?

How are the solar spectrum and our vision effected?

... and how does this vary with particle radius?

What's the effect of many particles?

From Beer's law:
 $T = \exp(-A\sigma_{ext})$
where A = number conc. x thickness

However, this picture is incomplete ...

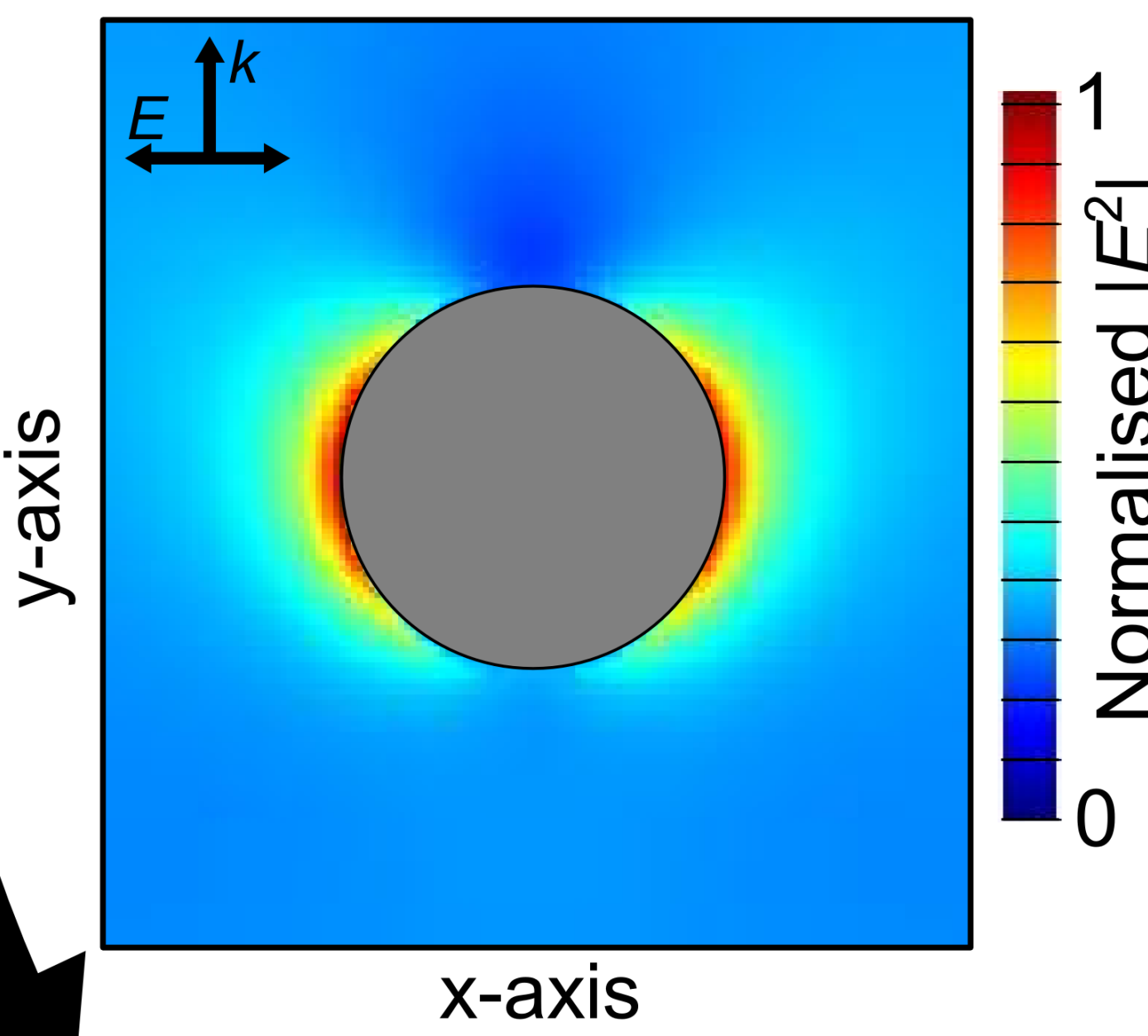
... since it neglects the effects of scattered light.

Which in the visible may result in haze.

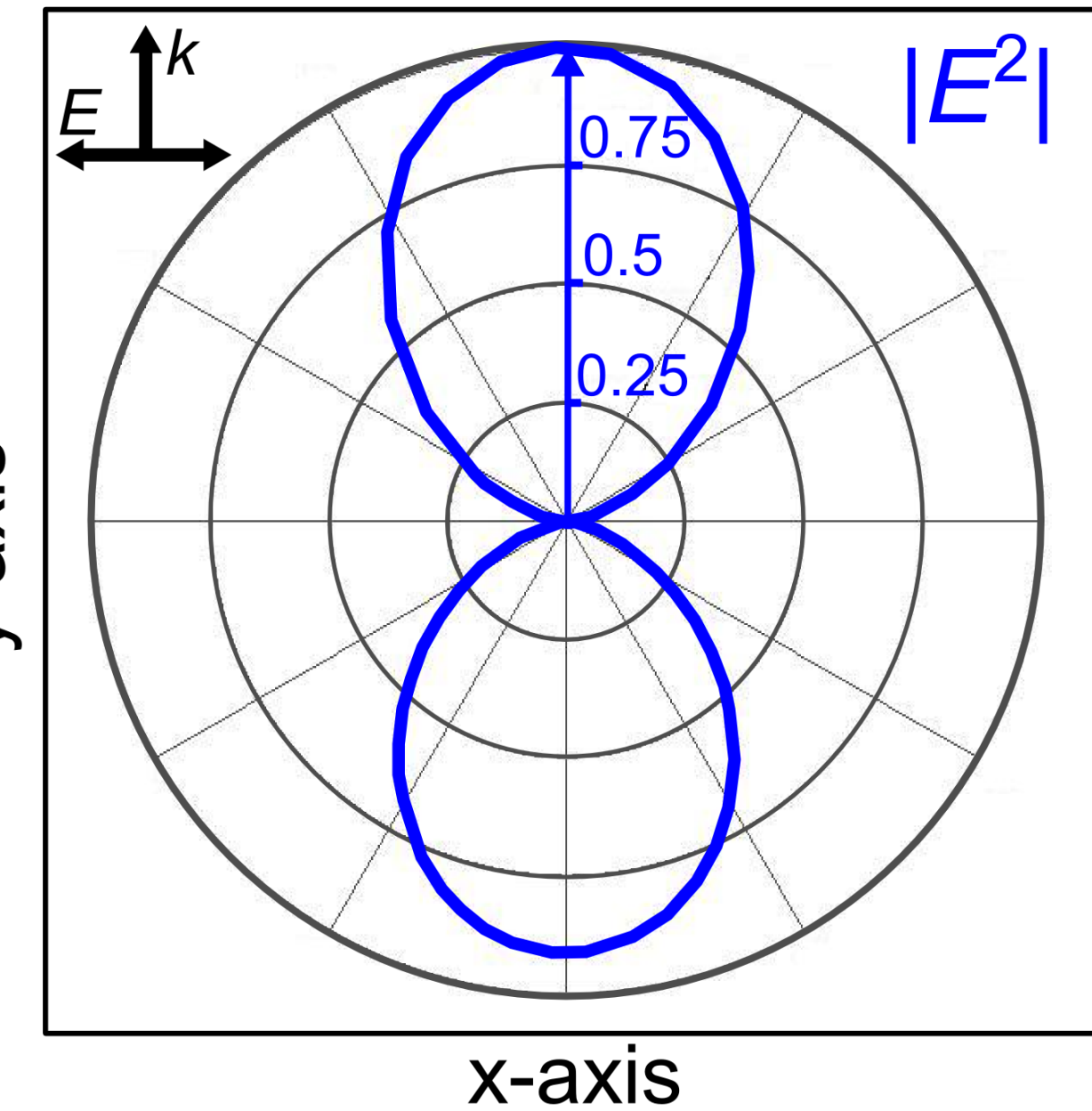
4 Microscopic model of scattering

Finite-Difference-Time-Domain

Near-Field $|E^2|$ ($\lambda = 550$ nm)



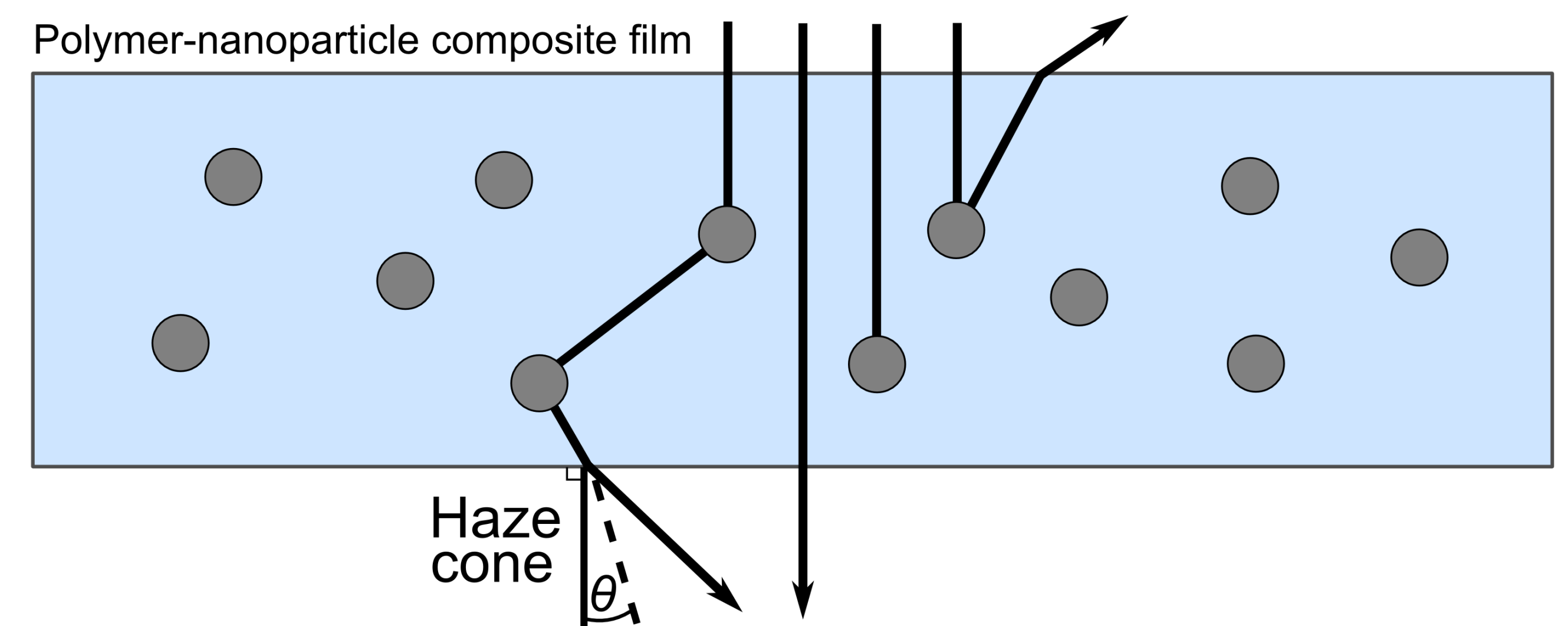
Far-Field $|E^2|$ ($\lambda = 550$ nm) angular distribution



Macroscopic model of window

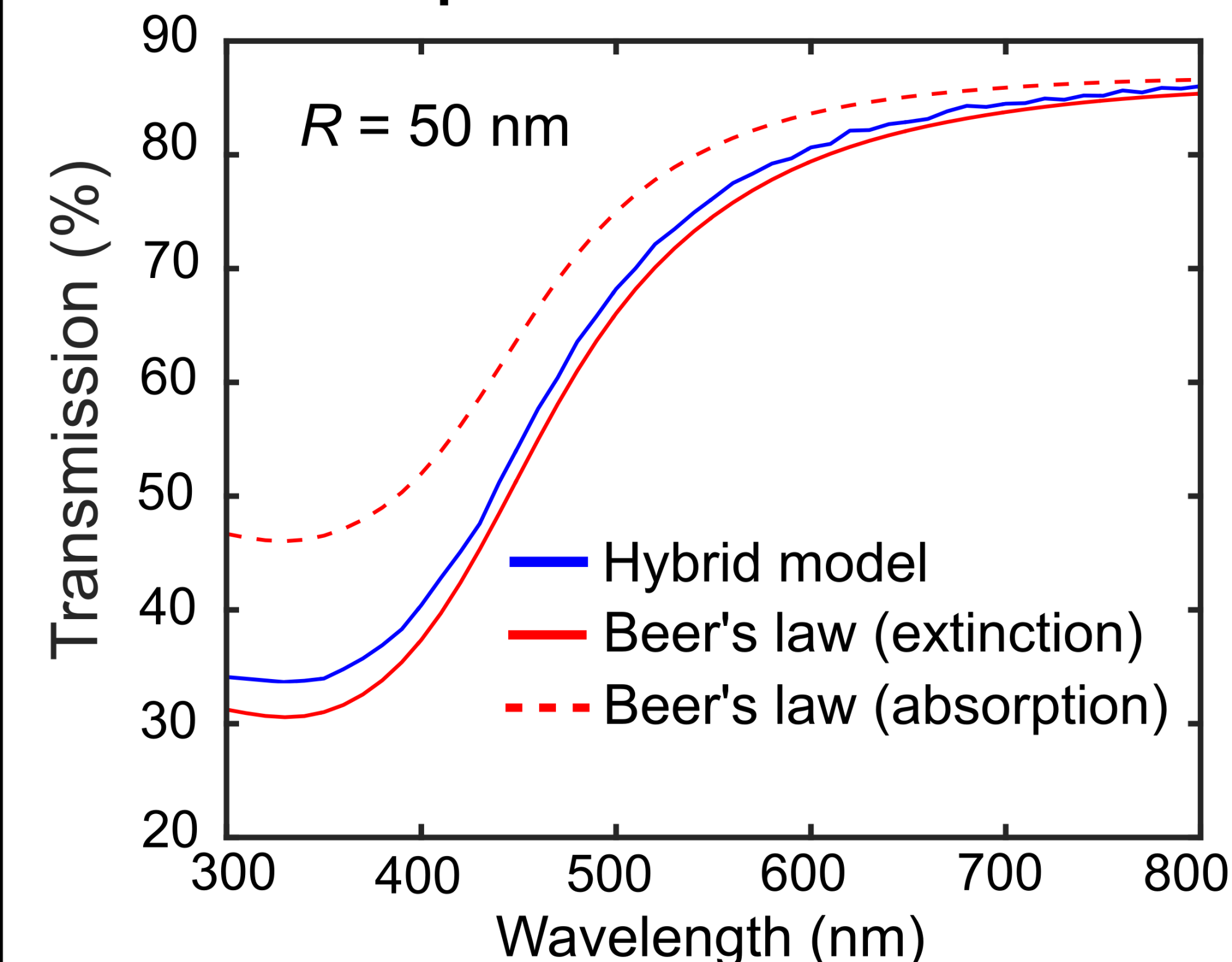
Monte Carlo ray-tracing, in 3D

Many single-photon simulations build an ensemble representation



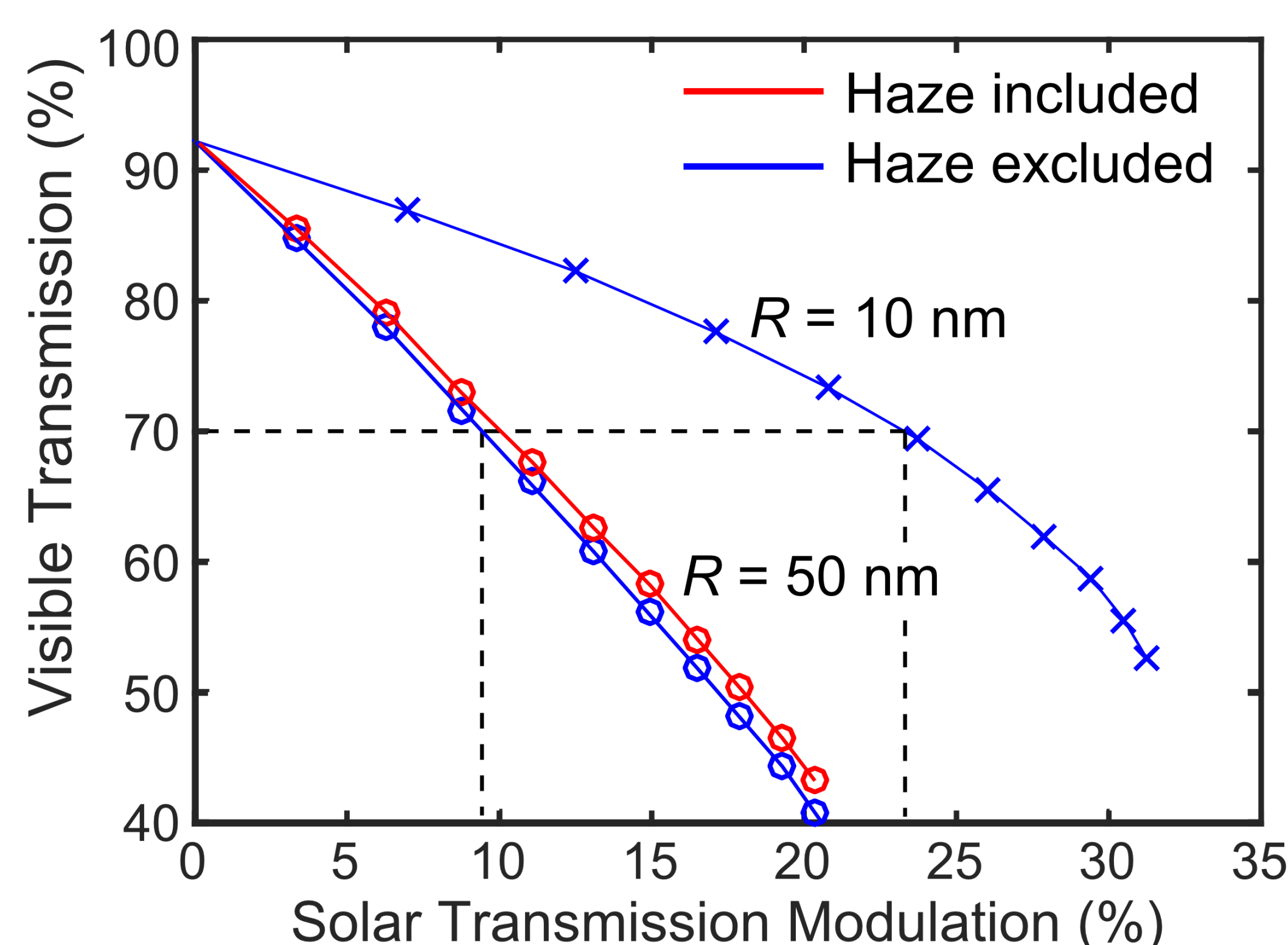
5 Combined results from hybrid model

Comparison with Beer's law



As expected, the hybrid model result is an intermediate case between Beer's law when scattering is excluded, or included in the calculation.

Simulated performance of nanoparticulate VO₂ films



Haze is defined as transmission at angles greater than 2.5° from incidence.

Each point is for a different nanoparticle concentration.