# Clinical Case Reports

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CLINICAL IMAGE

## Plantar keratoderma of Sézary syndrome

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#### **Key Clinical Message**

Sézary syndrome is an extremely rare form of cutaneous T-cell lymphoma. It presents suddenly and is associated with a poor prognosis. Clinical recognition is crucial for the diagnostic process and initiation of appropriate treatment. Plantar keratoderma is usually pathognomonic for Sézary syndrome and clinicians should be alerted to its presence.

#### **Keywords**

Cutaneous T-cell lymphoma, plantar keratoderma, pruritus, Sézary syndrome.

A 65-year-old woman presented with a 4-year history of progressive refractory diffuse pruritus. She had been diagnosed 4 months earlier with cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (CTCL) stage I (mycosis fungoides). After being treated unsuccessfully with PUVA for 31 sessions, she was eventually diagnosed with CTCL stage IVA2 (Sézary syndrome) on the basis of severe worsening pruritus, erythroderma, palmoplantar keratoderma with skin

ulcerations causing cellulitis (Fig. 1A), left eye ectropion, lymphanedopathy, positive skin biopsy and left inguinal lymph node biopsy, raised lactate dehydrogenase, Sézary cells over  $1000/\mu L$  with positive clonality, CD4/CD8 ratio: 12.5, and CT chest, abdomen and pelvis showing inguinal and axillary lymphadenopathy with no visceral involvement. With bexarotene, interferon-alfa, and extracorporeal photopheresis, her keratoderma stabilized (Fig. 1B),





Figure 1. Plantar Keratoderma at the time of diagnosis (A) and after 1 month of treatment (B).

and after 2 months of treatment with keratolytics (6% salicylic acid in 70% propylene glycol and clobetasol), it largely cleared.

Sézary syndrome is CTCL stage IV and its incidence is 1 in 10,000,000 with predicted median survival between 2 and 4 years [1, 2]. Its skin changes are characteristic and clinicians should be alarmed to severe pruritus with keratoderma as to exclude lymphoma. Despite the possibility to use first-line agents as treatment, allogenic stem cell transplantation is considered the only curative approach.

#### **Informed Consent**

Informed consent has been obtained for the publication of this clinical image.

### **Authorship**

KCF: acquired the images, wrote the manuscript, and has accountability for all aspects of the work.

#### **Conflict of Interest**

None declared.

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