Who wants to know and what do they want to know?
The 2006 Budget announced a review of the policies needed to improve mental health and employment outcomes. Too many people of working age are excluded from work when, with proper help and support, it should be possible for them to find or remain in work, benefiting their own health and welfare, as well as the wider economy. The Rapid Evidence Assessment reported here contributed part of the evidence base for the Policy Review Team by systematically assessing research on ‘what works’ in terms of interventions that address employment outcomes for people with mental health problems.

What did the researchers do?
First, they looked at the question: What research measures the impact of interventions to increase employment among people with mental health problems? In agreement with other research, our initial evidence map revealed a relatively limited number of studies about mental health that measured employment outcomes (155 studies). It also showed there is much more research activity (135 studies) on interventions for people with severe mental health problems (such as psychosis and schizophrenia), than for those with common mental health problems (such as depression and anxiety), despite the greater prevalence of the latter. An in-depth review was undertaken on the eight interventions we found which targeted those with common mental health problems.

What did the researchers find?
Studies focusing on common mental health problems aimed either to improve the treatment of people’s mental health problems, and thereby their employment prospects (‘mental health’ interventions) or to assist people with mental health problems to gain or retain employment (‘employment’ interventions).

What are the implications?
On the basis of existing evidence, for those currently employed (but not necessarily for those currently unemployed), the following conclusions were reached:

• Improvements in mental health are associated with better employment outcomes.
• Receiving recommended primary care improves employment outcomes.
• Interventions to improve guideline implementation and adherence can improve employment outcomes.

Implementation and process data from the studies on ‘employment’ interventions provide some support for these interventions and could make a useful basis for the development and evaluation of future programmes.

More research needs to be undertaken on what works to help people with common mental health problems find work, if they are unemployed, or stay in work if they are employed. More research on how to help those currently unemployed is particularly important, given the paucity of evidence addressing this issue.
Where to find further information

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The results of this systematic review are available in four formats:

- **SUMMARY**
  Exports the purpose of the review and the main messages from the research evidence

- **REPORT**
  Describes the background and the findings of the review(s) but without full technical details of the methods used

- **TECHNICAL REPORT**
  Includes the background, main findings, and full technical details of the review

- **DATABASES**
  Access to codings describing each research study included in the review

These can be downloaded or accessed at http://eppi.ioe.ac.uk/reel/

Reports published by the EPPI-Centre in December 2007.
For further information, please go to: http://eppi.ioe.ac.uk/cms/Default.aspx?tabid=2315

The EPPI-Centre’s reference numbers for these reports of this review are 1509R (Report) and 1509T (Technical Report). The full citations are:

**FULL REPORT**

**TECHNICAL REPORT**

This document is available in a range of accessible formats including large print. Please contact the Institute of Education for assistance:
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